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"HI-LO"
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EXERCISERS!

An Ideal Gymnasium For
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Can be put up permanently in two
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SOLD BY
A. P. Wendell & Co.,
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COMMERCIAL CLUB WHISKEY.


Pure Beverage, Especially Adapted For
Sickness. All First-class Dealers Keep It

BOTTLED BY EUGENE LYNCH, BOSTON, MASS
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THE MAKING OF A MONUMENT.

We design and execute descriptions of monumental work in the best and most appropriate style, employing material which experience has shown to be best fitted to retain its color and quality.

Thomas G. Lester,
Shop and Yard
No. 2 Water Street.



SHOVELS. SLEIGH BELLS
AXES.
SKATES
Try one of our new Safety Razors.
Rider & Cotton
65 MARKET STREET.

HERALDS GIVE BEST RESULTS

NEWMARKET HEARD FROM.

Secretary of Health Explains Smallpox Situation in That Town.

The item in a recent issue of the Herald expressing the suspicion that persons with the smallpox were coming down to this city freely from Newmarket has called forth the following denial and explanatory communication from Dr. Morse, secretary of the Newmarket board of health, which the Herald is glad to print:

Office of the Board of Health,
Newmarket, N. H., Jan. 23, 1903.
Editor Herald,

Portsmouth, N. H.:
My attention has just been called to an article which appeared in your paper of last evening's edition, and it is so unjust and misleading, that in justice to the town of Newmarket and its health officials, I am compelled to write you the facts and I must respectfully ask that you publish this communication in the columns of your esteemed paper.

We have at this time eleven cases of smallpox and varioloid in town.

All of these cases are under the care of Dr. S. H. Greene, a man who has had smallpox, and who has been practicing medicine for nearly forty years. The board of health has full confidence in his ability and judgment, and all are working for the same one end.

All the cases are quarantined, excepting the family of Mr. Nathaniel Edgerly, who lives on the North side and whose son, Charles, was the first case, in a large double house located at No. 9 Elm street, which is guarded by a police officer day and night.

Every suspected case is duly watched, and when the case will warrant it is removed to the hospital. The house from which the patient is taken is quarantined for fifteen days.

The name of every employee of the Newmarket Manufacturing company who is absent from work is sent to the office of the company and the case is investigated at once, so as to let no one escape.

We have in town forty or more Greeks who reside in one of the company's houses all by themselves. Nearly all of them have been successfully vaccinated. And within a very few days every one of them has been examined carefully. It might be possible for one of them to have been taken sick, and been sent out of town by his friends, but nothing of this kind has ever come to the knowledge of the board, or attending physician.

Your city physician, Dr. Hannaford, and Mr. Prime, one of the members of your board of health, were in town yesterday, and we explained to them the situation as it was.

The Greek case which came to your city some few days since we know nothing of. The Frenchman, named Levi Billideaux, was a woodcutter and boarded with a Mrs. Doucet, who resides at No. 9 Main street. He left town three weeks ago yesterday on the 5:53 a. m. train for Exeter. We never saw him, he never had a doctor, and we did not know that such a man lived in town.

Now, Mr. Editor, if you or any member of your city government, or any prominent citizen of your city doubts the truth of the statements that I have made, we would ask for a few investigations. We know that the more that is said in the press about such cases the more it injures the town and the business interests, and I am loth to believe that you would lend the columns of your paper to injure the town of Newmarket or the people in it. Hoping this explanation will be satisfactory to the good people of Portsmouth, I am

Yours very truly,
CHARLES A. MORSE,
Secretary Board of Health,
Newmarket, N. H.

DOVER SPEAKS A WORD.

Many attempts have been made lately to form a pool league between teams of Portsmouth, Manchester, Exeter and Dover. The chances are not, however, very bright for its success, as Dover has not the least desire to enter such a league.

Dover is not much interested in pool and it is said that there are no very fast players in that city.

Concord and Nashua will now be asked to join the other three teams and it is hoped that one, if not both of the cities will acquiesce.—Portsmouth Herald.

How about that now? It is up to our expert pool players to refute the above. We guess there are players

here who could make those of Portsmouth and other places go along a bit and play "ball."—Dover Democrat.

INDIAN ART.

Lecture on That Subject to Be Given Before the Grafton Club.

On Friday, Feb. 6, at four o'clock in the afternoon at Peirce hall, William Conway Curtis will lecture before the Grafton club on "The Art of the Aborigines as Portrayed in Their Basketry." Mr. Curtis, who is a resident of Connecticut and has his place of business in New York city, has lived among the Indians and made an exhaustive study of the subject of his lecture; he has a collection of baskets valued at many thousands of dollars, and will use 150 of them, of \$1200 value, to illustrate his explanation and analysis of Indian art. The Grafton club regard this lecture as their most important offering in the winter's course of entertainments, and are assured that there will be much that is instructive as well as interesting in it.

KITTERY.

Theodore Wilcox, who has been quite ill for several weeks, is reported gaining, which is gratifying news to his many friends.

The last evening of the entertainment and sale of the L. S. C. proved a great success as the first. There was a good audience. Every one was pleased and the circle will be greatly benefited financially.

Mrs. Ella Smart returned yesterday from a visit with her brother, Joseph Boulter, and wife, in Somerville, Mass.

John W. Stimson was reported better last evening.

Jacob Stevens, who has been employed on the navy yard for several months, was discharged on Friday and has returned to his home in Portsmouth.

The members of the High school Alumni association should see that their dues are paid, so the committee can have money to make arrangements for the coming reunion.

WHAT THE W. C. T. U. IS DOING.

At the meeting of the W. C. T. U. on Friday, the superintendent of lumbermen's work reported a package sent to State Superintendent Loyne, containing comfort bags and literature. These bags are filled with articles for the needs of the men in the woods, bandages, salve, antiseptic cotton, buttons, needles, testaments and other things. A large union comfort bag will soon be placed at Freeman's Point for the use of the men employed there.

A request was received from Chaplain Dickens, U. S. N., for help in securing an organ and one hundred hymn books for the Raleigh. The union will endeavor to do this. As it means quite an outlay, the help of the citizens is asked. Any contribution, however small, will be acceptable. Contributions may be left with Miss Staples, cashier at L. E. Staples'; Pettigrew Bros' shoe store, or may be sent by mail to Miss L. D. Tripp, 21 Union street. The ship sails soon.

BOUGHT THE NAVIS.

Superintendent Foster of the Massachusetts Contracting company, which is removing Henderson's Point, has bought the yacht Navis, for several seasons owned by the late Frank Jones. The Navis will be brought up from Sorrento, Me., by Capt. Lindsay, formerly of the Jones yacht Sagamore, and will be used by the officers of the Contracting company.

RATHER OUT OF SEASON.

Workmen at the freight yard yesterday found a striped snake about two and one-half feet in length, that had crawled out upon the snow and become benumbed with cold. The reptile was taken to the baggage room at the depot, where he warmed up and became quite lively.—Foster's Democrat.

PROBABLY MANY APPLICANTS.

A "Personal" advertisement printed in New York yesterday politely requested the gentleman who forgot change out of a \$1000 bill at one of the local theatres to call and get it.

LOOK OUT FOR HIM.

This Fellow Is a Baldhead and His Teeth Are Stained With Tobacco.

The police desire the public to be on the lookout for a slick house thief who has been working New England cities within the past few weeks and who may show up in Portsmouth. The favorite method of operation with this fellow is to hire good rooms in some likely looking house and represent himself as an agent for perfumes or some such thing. He will then hire a girl as secretary and set her to writing letters in the line of his pretended business. Sometimes he will hire a lot of girls to pack the bottle of perfumes and for other lutes, thus giving the appearance of doing a big business.

Then when the suspicions of those about him have been set at rest, he will watch his opportunity to rob the house he is in and carry away everything he can find of value in the line of jewelry, watches, etc.

In Lawrence where he worked his game the first of the month, he humbugged a poor girl into working like a slave for him for several days, writing letters and putting up perfumery, and then stole a diamond ring and an umbrella from her when he cleaned out his other victims. He was next heard from in Haverhill, where he worked a similar game.

The man has been known under the names of Charles Leonard, Hoffman, Wagner and other names. He is about sixty years old, 5 feet 9 inches in height, and about 145 pounds in weight. He has a smoothly shaven face, dark eyes, and is quite bald. The little hair remaining on the back of his head is gray unless he has dyed it. He speaks some English with a strong German accent. His tobacco stained teeth are noticeable when he talks. He is believed to be an old offender.

ACTRESS WAS DESPONDENT.

Annie Applebee Attempts Suicide Because Theatre Manager Would Not Let Her Appear.

Annie Applebee, a handsome young woman of good family and who came to Manchester from Suncook several years ago, has just been discharged from the Sacred Heart hospital, where she has been cared for since Monday as the result of an attempt upon her life.

During the last year or so she has been about the country as a member of a burlesque company which appeared here not many weeks ago. The company went to Manchester, and her appearance made such a sensation that the manager of the local place of amusement felt compelled to ask her not to appear.

She became despondent and took a dose of chloral. She was promptly discovered and energetic efforts on the part of the attending physicians saved her life. Her associates in the company state that she has been extremely downhearted ever since they have known her.

THEY ARE DROPPING.

Coastwise coal freights are dropping, and shipping men think they will soon be back where they were last year, when there was not any ex-

ceptional demand for vessels to carry coal. Yesterday cargoes were being offered to schooners at \$125 a ton, which is the best rate some vessels which got the best charters last winter received.

CREATES MUCH COMMENT.

Bill to Increase Salary of Judge of Probate of This County.

The introducing of a bill in the present legislature to increase the salary of the judge of probate of Rockingham county, has caused much adverse criticism from members of the bar and citizens alike. The question seems to be: "Is the state of New Hampshire paying its judge of probate for Rockingham county an adequate salary for the labor performed?"

It is understood that the bill provides for an increase of \$500, making the salary \$1500 per year, and also provides for eight extra sessions of the court. At the present time the court holds twenty-four sessions per year, as follows: Derry, four; Raymond, three; Portsmouth, six; and Exeter, eleven. These sessions are held without expense to the judge, who also receives additional fees for all extra services. Matters pertaining to the court are arranged, and prepared by the register of probate, and except in the practice of probate law the position does not in any way interfere with the general practice of law. As one lawyer from a Northern town remarks: "Should the state ever decide to hold regular court every day in the year, they would at the present rate be obliged to pay the judge a salary much larger than is paid the governor of the state."

To substantiate this statement, he produced the following figures: Twenty-four sessions are now held at a salary of \$1000, or \$41 66 2-3 per session, a fairly good day's pay. At that rate a court held every day of the present year would make the salary of the judge \$13,040.66 2-3. With an increase of the present salary to \$1500, with eight additional sessions of court the daily pay would be \$46.87 1/2, and the yearly salary of a daily court would be \$14,671.87.

Another lawyer, on being questioned, stated that in his opinion, and in the opinion of many others, the present salary of the judge of probate, giving as it does a free rein for the practice of all but probate law, is much too large, and it is the most lucrative position in the state.

AFTERNOON WHIST PARTY.

Mrs. James A. Borthwick Officiates As Hostess On Friday.

Mrs. James A. Borthwick of Wilbur street gave a whist party to a number of friends, from 3 to 6 o'clock on Friday afternoon. There were 4 tables and the prizes, a silk opera bag and a pair of china plates, were won by Mrs. Herbert Prime and Miss Bertha Hatch respectively.

A lunch was served consisting of salads, ices, cake and coffee.

The rooms were prettily decorated, with evergreen branches in the hall and over the doors and windows.

There was no suggestion of spring in the air last night.

HAD NEARLY REACHED 90.

Death Of Zaccheus Brown, Hampton's Oldest Man.

Zaccheus Brown, aged eighty-nine, the oldest man in Hampton, died on Wednesday of pneumonia. He was born in Hampton, March 19, 1813, the second of the 10 children of William and Nancy H. (Downing) Brown and had spent his entire life at the homestead on the Beach road. He was a prosperous farmer and until recently retained excellent health and was active in the management of his farm.

On Dec. 3, 1842, he was married to Mrs. Sarah (Lewis) Noyes, who survives him, after a married life of more than 60 years. She has long been an invalid. Of six children Mr. Brown leaves a son, L. Herman, and a daughter, Mrs. Jeremiah G. Mace, both of Hampton. He also leaves three sisters.

BIG SALE OF TICKETS.

The P. A. C. members are meeting with great success in disposing of their tickets for the big fair which they are to hold next month. Characteristic of this club's enterprise the arrangements for the event are being made on a grand scale and the result 't is safe to predict, will be a production which will excel in point of magnitude and merit, any similar undertaking ever presented in the state.

No pains or expense will be spared in the meritorious endeavor to make every feature of this mammoth enterprise a standard of excellence, the whole forming a spectacle pleasing to the eye, instructive to the mind and eminently entertaining.

HAS BEEN DONE BEFORE.

The captured Spanish gunboat Isla de Luzon should be fitted up with a half dozen temporary radiators at Pensacola and then ordered to this yard. All the surveys and information as to needed repairs are at this yard and the work should be done here. It would be well for the delegation at Washington to lay this matter before the proper official.

CLOSED UNTIL MONDAY.

The factory of the Portsmouth Shoe company closed down at the end of the working day Friday, until Monday morning. The need of repairs to the boilers was the reason for the move.

When in Exeter

— TRY A —
DINNER

— AT THE —
SQUAMSCOTT HOUSE.

N. S. WILLEY, PROPRIETOR,
EXETER, N. H.

HARD TIMES

And One Way to Help Yourself--Buy Your
DRY GOODS Where You Are Sure
of SAVING.

GEO. B. FRENCH CO.

By the EXTREMELY LOW PRICES Afford
You This Opportunity. You Will Find
Quite a Difference in Your Favor.

**BEGIN THIS WEEK AND SAVE MONEY
WHETHER BUYING LITTLE OR MUCH.**

HAPPENINGS IN EXETER.

Academy Seniors Make Nomina- tions For Class Officers.

Merrick Hall Formally Opened By A Public Reception.

Budget of Other Timely Topics From Our Special Correspondent.

Exeter, Jan. 23.

Merrick hall, the first of three new buildings erected by the academy during the past few months, was opened this evening with simple exercises, which took the form of a public reception. From 8 to 10 hundreds of townspeople, students and others passed through the spacious building and inspected with delight every room, nook and corner, from the basement to the top story. The interior of the hall, fresh from the hand of the painter and decorator, with shining floors, gayly decorated walls and ceilings, together with the magnificent fittings of each room, and all under a flood of light from many incandescent lamps, was really a scene too beautiful to attempt to picture. The words of praise from the visitor were most gratifying to those connected with Phillips Exeter.

During the hours of inspection music was furnished by the Farragut house orchestra, which was stationed in the special orchestra stand in the third story. The following instructors' wives acted as matrons: Mrs. J. Alfred Puffs, Mrs. William E. Francis, Mrs. Winthrop E. Frisbee and Mrs. George E. Rogers. A minute description of the building follows:

It is a three story brick structure and is situated at the corner of Spring and Water streets. It was formerly an old hat factory. Last spring Dr. Abner L. Merrill of Boston bought the building and the tract of land that goes with it and presented it to Exeter for a hall and it was named in his honor. It was re-modelled at a great cost, the plans being prepared by Architect George T. Tilden of Boston, an Exeter graduate. The work was done by A. L. Joplin and son of Hampton.

The main entrance opens into a spacious trustees' room, which takes up the full width of the building. A door at its right leads into the principal's room. At the side of this is a central corridor, behind which is the telephone and the stenographer's room. On the Spring's street side of the building is the room for the secretary, the faculty and at the rear are large quarters for the cashier. Here is the largest safe deposit vault in town. This room reminds one of a ban office improvements on this side of the building include a door leading onto Spring's street and four new windows, which in all respects match the old ones.

Barry stairs take one up to the second story, which is divided into two rooms, which are occupied by the Golden Branch and the G. L. South Literary societies. Each of these rooms is beautiful. At the windows hang long draperies hang and book cases filled with books adorn the walls. In each room there are many pictures which are priced highly. The Golden Branch rooms occupy the front hall. The G. L. South hall is 17 ft. 31 feet, with an alcove behind it. The space will be for the stair ways.

The first story is therefore used for an extensive public room, a second story library, and a third story for the dormitory. The third story is divided into two sections. The first section is for the dormitory and the second section is for the library. The dormitory is a large room with a high ceiling and a large fireplace. The library is a room with a high ceiling and a large fireplace. The dormitory is a large room with a high ceiling and a large fireplace. The library is a room with a high ceiling and a large fireplace.

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LOCAL MERCHANTS TAKING THEM.

The greater portion of the exhibition held at the coming P. A. C. fair will be occupied by our local merchants who seem to be fully alive to the advantages such advertising will offer. There will be some excellent attractive displays made.

New Hampshire's biggest indoor fair and gift enterprise, Feb. 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20.

with a handsome open balustrade. The first story is finished in black walnut. The furnishings are of quartered oak and the radiators are finished in aluminum. On this floor, as well as on the others, are lavatories and cloak rooms. The other two stories are of North Carolina pine finish and the radiators are bronzed. From the two upper stories most delightful views of the Square and the fields and woods in the distance can be obtained. The buildings is lighted by electricity and heated with steam. It should be the pride of the town, as it is of the academy.

The senior class at Phillips-Exeter academy held a meeting to nominate class day officers last evening. They will be elected by the Australian ballot system next Wednesday. The nominations follow:

Class president, James L. Cooney, Scranton, Penn.;

Class orator, Karl L. Brill, Hazleton, Penn. and John T. Moss, New York city;

Secretary, John M. Frank, Natchez, Miss., and Benjamin F. Bunn, Cochranville;

Address to undergraduates, George J. Weiss, Schuylkill, Penn., and Thomas York, Mt. Carmel, Penn.

Class poet, Carroll N. Deap, Scranton, Penn., and Albert E. Rand, Providence, R. I.

Class prophet, Guy L. Buswell, Charlestown;

Class historian, Walter G. Davis, Jr., Portland, Me., and Albert B. Vaine, Worcester, Mass.;

Marshals, Henry J. Hooper, Exeter, and R. Jenkins, Beverly, Mass., Herbert L. Dillon, Fitchburg, Mass., and John H. Leavett, Georgetown, Tex.

Sergeant-at-arms, John M. Frank, Natchez, Miss.

For the assignee, Perley Gardner, A. J. Scammons of Stratham today sold the stock of fixtures of the Fair, which lately assigned. The purchaser was Fred W. DeMerritt of Dover, who secured the stock for \$54 cents on the dollar of the invoice. Mr. DeMerritt will sell the goods out at once.

A deed was received at the registry of deeds yesterday transferring from Alina F. French of Kingston to the New England Brick company, a corporation controlling about all the ards in this section, all wood and lumber standing, lying and being, on land leading from Kingston Plains to Danville, known as the Rock Hills road. The consideration was \$1200.

Tracer Murphy of Yale will enter two Exeter graduates, among the few entered, in the B. A. A. indoor games at Boston next month. They are W. J. Jack, who will compete in the 40 and 60 yard dash and 100 yard race. C. S. Jacobus will be in the mile handicap and the two mile relay against Harvard.

L. D. Whitcomb, holder of the high jump record at the academy, and who as a school yesterday entered the Exeterburg, Penn., academy. At Merionburg is R. D. Leavitt, a former Exeter hurdler. He holds all the hurdle records and is considered a crack athlete.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Exeter Water works will be held at the office of the company in the News-Letter block, on Tuesday, Feb. 3 at 10 a. m. At the meeting seven directors will be chosen and other business transacted.

Carl Neal W. Allen of the Phillips-Exeter track team has been obliged to go to his home in Portland, Me., on account of sickness.

A group of Sons of Veterans will soon be formed at Hampton.

A GUARANTEE CURE FOR PILES.

I thank Blind, Bleeding and Protruding Piles. No cure, no pay. All cures are authorized by the manufacturer of Pile Ointment to refund the money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days, the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. It relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and it is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure, no pay. Price 50c.

LOCAL MERCHANTS TAKING THEM.

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New Hampshire's biggest indoor fair and gift enterprise, Feb. 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Congregational Church—Rev. L. H. Thayer, pastor. Morning service at 10:30. Sunday school in the chapel at 12:00 m. Young people's meeting at 6:45 p. m. Vesper service at 7:30. All are welcome.

Christ Church—Episcopal—Madison street, head of Austin street—Rev. Charles LeV. Brine, rector. On Sundays, holy communion at 7:30, matins or holy communion at 10:30, a. m. Sunday school at 12:00, m. Evensong at 7:30, p. m. On week days, matins (daily) at 9:00, a. m., evensong (daily) at 5:00; on Friday, evensong at 7:30, p. m. Holy communion Thursday at 7:30, a. m. On holy days, holy communion at 7:30, matins at 9:00; a. m., evensong at 7:30, p. m. Seats free and unappropriated. Good music. All welcome.

Baptist Church—Rev. George W. Gile, pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. Gile, 7:30, p. m. Sunday school in the chapel at 12:00, m. Prayer meetings Tuesdays and Fridays at 7:45, p. m. All are invited.

Freewill Baptist Church—Rev. Charles H. Tucker, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Other services at the usual hours.

Christian Church—Rev. F. H. Gardiner, pastor. Morning service at 10:30. Sunday school at 12:00 m. Young people's meeting at 6:30 p. m. Evening service at 7:30. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting on Tuesday evening, and prayer meeting on Friday evening at 7:30. All are welcome.

Old St. John's Church—Episcopal—Church hill—Rev. Henry E. Hovey, rector. Sunday at 10:30, a. m., morning prayer, litany and sermon. Holy communion first Sunday in every month and the greater festivals, 12:00. Holy days, 10:30 a. m. Evensong Sundays at 7:30 p. m. Fridays, Ember days in chapel at 7:30, p. m. Parish Sunday school in chapel at 3:00, p. m. At the evensong service, both in church and chapel, the seats are free. At all the services strangers are cordially welcomed and provided for.

Methodist Episcopal Church—State street—Rev. Thomas Whiteside, pastor. Morning prayer at 10:00 o'clock. Preaching service at 10:30, a. m. Sunday school at 12:00, m. Junior league at 3:30, p. m. Epworth league and church service at 7:00, p. m. Social service Tuesday evening and class meeting Friday evening each at 7:30 o'clock. All are cordially invited. Morning prayer and sermon at 10:30 Sunday school at 12:00, m. Administration of the holy sacrament the first

Church of Christ—Universalist—Pleasant street, cor. Jenkins avenue. Rev. George E. Leighton, pastor. Sunday in the month at 11:45, a. m. Good music. Y. P. C. U. meetings every Sunday evening at 6:30, in the vestry. Strangers are especially welcomed.

Unitarian Church—Rev. Alfred Jooding, pastor. Morning service at 10:30. Sunday school at 12:00, m. All are invited.

Advent Church—C. H. Shurtliff, pastor. Social service at 10:30, a. m. Sunday school at 12:00, m. Prayer service at 2:45 and 7:30, p. m. service at 7:15, p. m. All are invited.

Church of the Immaculate Conception—Rev. Patrick J. Finnegan, pastor. Services at 8:30 and 10:30, a. m. Vespers at 7:30 p. m.

Y. M. C. A.—William Frederic Hoehn, general secretary. Association rooms open from 9:00, a. m., to 9:30, p. m. Men's meeting, Sundays, at 3:30, p. m. All are welcome.

Salvation Army—Meetings will be held all day in the hall on Market street. Hall drill at 7:30 a. m. Hollies meeting at 10:00, a. m. Free and easy at 3:00, p. m. Salvation meeting at 5:00, p. m.

Christian Science—Woman's Exchange building—Services Sunday at 10:30 a. m., followed by Sunday school, and Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. All are invited.

People's Church—Rev. R. L. Harris, pastor. Service from 11:00 to 12:00, a. m., Sundays. Sunday school at 3:00, p. m. Praise meeting at 7:30, p. m. Preaching at 8:00, p. m. Young people's meeting on Wednesday evenings at 8:00 o'clock. Cottage meetings on Friday evenings at 8:00 o'clock. The public is cordially invited to attend these services which are free to all.

First Methodist Church, Kittery—Rev. Elbridge Gerry, pastor. Preaching at 10:45, a. m. Sunday school at 12:00, m. Prayer meeting at 7:00, p. m.

Second Methodist Church, Kittery—Rev. E. C. Andrews, pastor. Preaching at 10:30, a. m. Sunday school at 12:00, m. Epworth league meeting at 6:00, p. m. Evening service at 7:00. All are cordially invited.

Advent Christian Church, So. Eliot—Rev. George W. Brown, pastor. Sunday school at 10:00, a. m. Prayer meeting at 11:30, a. m. Preaching at 2:00, p. m. All are welcome.

Second Methodist Church, So. Eliot—

Rev. Elbridge Gerry, pastor. Sunday school at 1:00 p. m. Preaching at 2:00, p. m. Prayer meeting at 7:30, p. m.

The Man Who Wanted Ruby Oil

A young man who has many acquaintances in the big Broadway building in which he has an office has been driven almost to the point of moving by the nickname which he has acquired and the persistence with which it is applied to him. Whenever his fellow tenants' drop into his office or meet him in the elevator, the genial "Hello, Ruby!" almost makes him take to his heels.

It came about this way: He was saying that he would have to run out to get a new ruby lamp to take to the country with him, for he was an amateur photographer.

"Why don't you get ruby oil?" remarked one of his friends, who without cracking a smile explained how this oil gave the ruby light essential to the practice of photography without the use of a ruby shade.

The young man dispatched his office boy for a supply of ruby oil, and the joking friend gathered a number of the tenants into the office by the time the boy came back with this reply:

"Dear Mr. — We haven't any ruby oil. In fact, we would be much interested to learn that there is such a thing. It would revolutionize photography."

Then the physical impossibility of an oil producing a ruby flame dawned upon the young man, and he produced the cigars, but since then his own proper name has been supplied by "Ruby." —Philadelphia Ledger.

The Old Story Revamped.

Wagsby—You've heard the story of the woman who could not read, but yet wanted to keep up appearances, and so borrowed a neighbor's beautifully bound copy of the Bible?

Nagsby—Yes—years ago.

Wagsby—And you know she brought the book back in a week or two?

Nagsby—Yes, yes, of course. And she said when she returned it, "It's just a splendid story, and they got married at last."

Wagsby—No, she didn't. She said: "Simply charming! When is the dramatization to appear?" —Baltimore American.

No Need of Shouting.

"Shut that door!" bellowed the irate merchant. "Where were you brought up, sir—in a sawmill?"

"Well, I'm not sure as to that," replied the young drummer in honeyed accents, pressing both hands to his ears, "but of one thing I can assure you, my dear sir, and that is that I was not brought up in a boiler factory." —Syracuse Standard.

Would Like to Experiment.

"I read the other day," he said, "of a fellow who hypnotized a girl and then kissed her."

"You're not a hypnotist, are you, George?" she asked.

"No," he replied. "Why?"

"Because," she returned wistfully, "I believe I'd be a splendid subject." —Brooklyn Eagle.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Base Insinuation.

Caller—These spoons are unique. Nora—No, they ain't, mum. They're silver.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

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NEW FASHION MATERIALS.

The Hairy Rhinoceros, Mohair Roxana, Mystral, Flocanne and Others.

All the hairy rhinoceros are among the favorites in the way of woolen stuffs for midwinter, and well they may be, for they have a richness and apparent warmth while they are really light and flexible. They are so very rich that they require little if any trimming, and by wearing an inner waist of chambray and a fur collar one can look perfectly well dressed for any day. Gray with silvery white hairs is very elegant. There is soft blue with the overlay of

white hairs and dark plum shades also covered with the white hairs. Ivory white has the silvery ones on the surface, and the green with the overlying white hairs obtains a delicate watery look. Red in a dark shade is covered with the white so that it becomes a most beautiful shade of pink. No matter what the combination, the same soft and elusive beauty is the result.

Plain skirts, with sometimes two deep shaped flounces somewhat like a double skirt, are handsome, but the long, sweeping lines of a plain skirt are the most elegant. It all depends how one wears a dress for the effect it has. This particular goods looks best when made quite plain as to skirt except, perhaps, that seams may be slotted to emphasize the seam lines.

In the design offered herewith the side seams are slotted and left in a small inverted plait at the end of the seam. Such a skirt is cut in five gapes only. The bodice is in blouse shape in front and a basque in the back. There are Norfolk plaits on each side of the waist down to the belt. The basque part is set on separately under the belt. It has two lines of buttons, and in the front there are many small buttons to match set on in clusters of three. The sleeves are the best liked of the newest styles and are large at the wrists and finished off with black velvet cuffs bordered with Persian castle braid in rich colors and with a little metal in it for brightness. The flat collar and revers are done in the same way.

All black zibeline and camel's hair are most ladylike materials for street attire. There is also a new thin stuff called mystral, with rough dots and spots on it. This is to be made over tafetta of light contrasting color or in glaze tafetta all black. In many cases this is so made up that there are open-work places with insets of lace or the different parts are joined by handsome fagoting.

Another fine new stuff for nice gowns is the mohair roxana, which is slightly crumple in weave. Besides this, there is the handsome empress cloth, which was a great favorite some years ago. Satin striped voiles are new and very soft, with exceptional draping qualities. Some of the mystrals are also striped. These are really for early spring, but a few favored ones have them now. Flocanne is made up into rich looking suits for midwinter, especially in those suits where there is a jacket to match the skirt.

Such materials, with the exception of the mystral, can be made into suits like the illustration and worn through the whole winter. Quite a number of bayadere stripes are seen, and Roman colorings in certain dress materials and ribbons are shown. They are pretty when judiciously employed. Plaid in large design is much affected, especially for waists, and they are certainly striking. Worn with dark skirts they are not too gaudy; besides, they are always triumphant in a manner to tone down the large pattern and high colors.

Regular Irish frieze is again fashionable for short capes in the Red Riding Hood shapes, and it is a matter of personal taste whether the cape is lined with red and the hood also treated the same way or whether the cape is left natural. The collar can be high and flaring in any of the present styles or flat with a revers. But the hood is part of the garment and should not be left off. Some of these capes are made quite long and trimmed with fur or some one of the heavy braids.

HENRIETTE ROUSSEAU.

ZIBELINE COSTUME.

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FARM AND GARDEN

KANSAS STEER FEEDING.

Grain Mixed With Roughage—Minor Points of Comfort.

The stockman who is feeding his fattening steers grain and roughage thoroughly mixed finds that, with ordinary care in feeding, his steers not only do not have the acids, but that an animal is seldom off feed. The farm department of the Kansas experiment station makes this assertion in a recent bulletin and gives the following reasons for it:

Average corn contains 72 per cent of starch. Starch in feed is not absorbed into the system and used in building up the body and sustaining life until it is changed to sugar. When changed to sugar, it is readily absorbed and used in the body. The saliva of the mouth has the power to make this change.

When grain and roughage are mixed together, the steer eats slowly, giving much time for the food to become saturated with the saliva and for the saliva to act on the starch. When the food is swallowed, it goes from the mouth to the paunch. When the food reaches the paunch, the finer portions, such as grain fed alone, are forced directly into the third stomach and onward. The coarse food and the grain mixed with it, when the grain is thoroughly mixed with the roughage, are held for quite awhile in the paunch, where the saliva and the water which the steer drinks make them soft and moist and the saliva continues to change the starch to sugar. After the coarse feed has remained in the paunch until it is thoroughly softened it is brought back into the mouth and rechewed as the cud. This allows more saliva to be mixed with it, which in turn changes more starch into sugar, and the rechewing reduces the food to a greater fineness. The second time the food is swallowed it passes to the paunch, and the fine particles go to the third and fourth stomachs, where the action of saliva ceases.

When the grain is fed separately from the roughage, the animal chews it but little, swallows it quickly, it stays but a short time in the paunch, and but a small portion or none is brought up with the cud and remasticated. This allows for slight action only of the saliva. The starch, which forms 72 per cent of corn, is not acted on by the gastric juice of the stomach, and the large proportion, which has not been changed by the saliva, passes to the intestines undigested. Some of the juices of the intestines change the starch to sugar, but what remains unchanged irritates the intestines, producing looseness and scouring.

The boxes used in a test of mixed feeding at the Kansas station were 16 feet long, 3½ feet wide at the top, 2 feet wide at the bottom, 1½ feet in depth and were 2½ feet from ground to top. They were made tight and were portable, so that they could be kept in the driest part of the yard. The steers were fed in the open air. One feed box was required for each ten steers, and the grain and roughage were mixed and fed together in the same feed box. The feeds were mixed and fed dry. Subsequent experience indicates that it would have paid to dampen the hay before mixing it with the roughage.

When the steers began to shed their hair in the spring, they threatened to rub the sheds and fences down. Trees twenty-five to thirty feet in length

were cut and taken to the feed lots. One end of the tree was set in the ground, and the other end was raised above the ground so that it just cleared the back of the tallest steer. The tree was held in place by being bolted to well set and anchored posts. The steers seemed to know what these trees were for before the work of setting out was completed. They spent hours of enjoyment in rubbing themselves on these trees.

Concerning the Cornell "Farmers' Reading Course," Professor Craig finds it interesting to note that about 5 per cent of the best students are men and women of the cities. These persons are creating a public sentiment for a better agriculture, and very many of them are fitting themselves to buy and improve land. All are farmers, present or prospective.

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THE HERALD.
(Formerly The Evening Post)
ESTABLISHED SEPT. 23, 1884.

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For Portsmouth and Portsmouth's Interests

You want local news? Read the Herald. More local news than all other local dailies combined. Try it.

SATURDAY, JAN. 24, 1903.

NOW BUILD THE CANAL.

The Colombian government has at last come to its senses and taken the bird ready to its hand, abandoning the quest of the more plump and toothsome one hiding in the bush. In plain language, the long pending treaty between this country and Colombia has been signed and the United States is now free to begin work on the Panama canal.

Washington has waited patiently for Colombia, more patiently than the American people as a whole. The concession which has been granted was worth waiting for, undoubtedly, but Colombia's dilatoriness has been most vexatious. Now that the matter is finally settled, however, there will be no further delay. Work on the isthmus will begin at the earliest possible moment; and the work that France and De Lesseps could not accomplish, the United States and its engineers will push to rapid completion.

The opening of an inter-oceanic canal means much to this country. Under the control of another country, its existence might be a menace to us, but under our own control it will be invaluable in the event of a foreign war.

Its value to commerce, too, can hardly be estimated. In this respect we are conferring a benefit upon the whole world. The ships of every nation will be given a safe and easy passage from ocean to ocean and the canal, once opened, will not be closed, except in case of necessity.

America will build and own the canal, but the world will profit by our enterprise.

A QUESTION.

If the German government really knows nothing of the bombardment of the Venezuelan fort of San Carlos, by German ships, except what has been told by the press despatches, it is to be presumed that the officers responsible for the bombardment will at least be reprimanded. The American officer who was guilty of such an act, unless the provocation was unusual, would be called to account very speedily. There is no evidence that any provocation was given which would warrant the piratical conduct of the German ships and we naturally look for some manifestation of disapproval from the Kaiser's government. The offense is a serious one and would seem to deserve severe punishment.

If the German officers acted without authority at San Carlos they have placed their country in a most disagreeable position and should be made to suffer for their rashness and brutality.

But is Berlin really as innocent as it is evidently intended we should believe?

PENCIL POINTS.

England will probably keep out of the canal company in future.

When Gen. Miles is in a hurry he doesn't even wait for a czar.

Hoop la! The treaty is signed at last; now get to work on that canal.

The rival baseball leagues both have too much regard for the box of

See to sign a treaty of peace at this stage of the game.

The twentieth century bids fair to produce its full quota of false prophets.

No one has suggested King Oscar as an arbitrator in the Venezuelan affair.

The coal operators endure the high price of anthracite with commendable fortitude.

That fleet in the Caribbean may yet prove useful for something beside maneuvering.

Every addition to the United States navy decreases the probability of a serious war.

Germany is evidently spilling for a fight, but she is mighty careful in picking her quarrels.

It has been so long since Castro won a victory that it is feared that his stenographer is ill.

It is a question who acquires wealth the faster—the trust nabob or the New York policeman.

If Mayor Low of New York accepts a renomination his courage will be proved beyond all question.

Edward of England has one good quality not usually possessed by kings. He knows enough to let some one else do the talking.

The elopement fever is raging just now in a peculiarly virulent form. Many of our young men and women take the modern novel altogether too seriously.

Most people are willing to advance the cause of education, but they usually prefer make their donations directly. Mr. Rockefeller, however, prefers to make their donations for them.

PRESS OPINIONS OF MURDERER JIM TILLMAN.

Will they hang Lieut. Governor Tillman? He killed his victim; now what does South Carolina propose to do about it?—Foster's Democrat.

The death of Editor Gonzales of Columbia, S. C., makes an assassin of Lieutenant Governor Tillman of that state. Now let us see if there is any law in that section of the country to punish cowards who waylay unarmed and peaceful travelers on the highway.—Nashua Press.

When Murderer Jim Tillman is taken into court the people of South Carolina should remember that not only their Lieutenant governor, but also the state itself is on trial before the country.—Kennebec Journal.

Poor Gonzales! It seems a pity that his noble and useful life should have been brought to such a tragic end. And yet the sacrifice may not be in vain. It is by such sacrifices that men are brought to reflection, and this may be, nay, we believe it will be, the beginning of the end of the Tillman regime in South Carolina.—Richmond Times.

Now that Tillman has gone into the business will he explain why that rural editor who denounced him to his face last summer as a liar, and several other things, still lives? Is it possible that that editor carried a gun while Gonzales didn't?—Manchester Mirror.

In this case of Tillman, there should be a fair trial, to which he is justly entitled, and if it is proved that he deliberately shot Editor Gonzales, a verdict of murder should be rendered. It is time that men holding high public positions were taught that they cannot go around carrying loaded revolvers in their pockets, to be used on the slightest provocation, and expect by some twist of the law to be exonerated from the consequences. When this is fully understood, there will be fewer such acts of violence.—Gloucester Times.

It will be observed that there is no talk of lynching Tillman in South Carolina. This no doubt marks a great moral advance on the part of the south.—New York Mail and Express.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.

"Myself Cured" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cured in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents & \$1.00. Sold by Geo. Hill, Druggist, Portsmouth.

"Cure the cough and save the life." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures cough and colds, down to the very verge of consumption.

The Surest Remedy is Allen's Lung Balsam

It never fails to cure a SIMPLE COLD, HEAVY COLD, and all BRONCHIAL TROUBLES.

Large Bottles \$1.00. Medium Size 50c. Small or Trial Size 25c.

Endorsed by all who have tried it.

FOR NEARLY FORTY-TWO YEARS

Hiram F. Williams Of This City Has Been Foreman Cooper With One Firm For a Long Time.

Hiram F. Williams of this city enjoys the record of having worked for one firm nearly forty-two years in the capacity of foreman cooper.

He was born at Kittery Point, July 7, 1843, being the son of Capt. Solomon and Sarah Frisbee Williams, and is a direct descendant of Sir William Pepperell. At the age of fourteen he was cook on his father's vessel. He followed the sea until he was seventeen years old, and then came to this city and learned the cooper's trade with Oliver Hanscom, who conducted a business on Market street.

At that time there was no foreman cooper in the navy yard, and when a cooper's service was needed Mr. Hanscom was called on and he supplied his own men. Mr. Hanscom worked on the cooperage of the sloop-of-war Preble and other crafts that came to this naval station for repairs.

After serving his time he went to Dover, where he worked a short time and then went to Cienfuegos, on the coast of Cuba, his employer having gone there. There he remained until June, 1847, when he returned and worked during the winter of '47-'48 in Baltimore at his trade. In the spring of 1848 he came to Boston and after a stay of a few months went to Salem, where he entered the employ of Henry Nichols, who carried on an extensive trade with the coast of Africa. He remained in his employ until the war broke out in 1861, when his employer shut down his works one Saturday morning. That afternoon Mr. Williams left for his home at Kittery Point. The following Monday morning he went to work at the navy yard.

In July, 1861, he was engaged to go to work as cooper by Fisher & Eldredge. He has continued with the firm, as foreman cooper, with H. Eldredge & Son, and the Eldredge brewing company, up to the present time. During this long term of service he has never been absent but once from his duties. In 1883, when he went to the Hot Springs for a month.

He has always been a staunch democrat, but has never taken an active part in politics. In 1885 he served as an alderman from ward 2.

He has been married twice, his first wife being Almira D. Carter of Belfast. Four children, Capt. Frank Williams of Newburyport, Mrs. William A. Hodgdon, Mrs. Ira Stevens of this city and Arthur F. Williams of Philadelphia were the result of the union.

His first wife died some years ago and he married Mrs. Carrie C. Marden in July, 1886.

RUSH OF CANDIDATES.

Sixty Men Already Seeking Appointment as Members of Dover's New Police Commission.

Now that the Dover police commission bill, introduced in the house last week by Mayor Whittemore, has become a law, men of both parties are coming forward in throngs as candidates for commissioner. There are already sixty candidates, only eight of whom are democrats.

The board will consist of two republicans and one democrat. It is understood that Hon. J. Frank Seavey of Dover, member of the governor's council from that district, will have the privilege of naming the men who will be appointed.

The appointment will be made next week. It is stated.

WHAT WE PAY.

Terms On Which Colombia Cedes Territory.

Washington, Jan. 23.—The canal treaty, which was signed here yesterday and sent to the senate today, provides for the payment by the United States to Colombia of \$10,000,000 in gold and \$250,000 annually thereafter.

The lease cedes to the United States a zone six miles wide for a term of 100 years, and gives this country the right to send troops to protect its property in case Colombia is unable to do so.

NOTES OF THE UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.

Rev. George E. Leighton, pastor of the Universalist church, will deliver a sermon Sunday forenoon on "Where we are, and as we are," taking his text from I Mark, 16, 17.

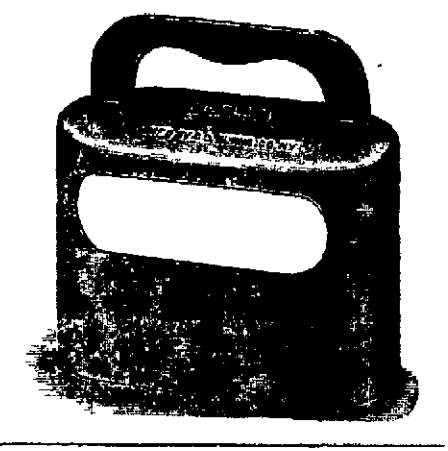
In the evening an interesting service will be held in the church, beginning at 7.30 o'clock, when the pastor will give an illustrated lecture on a review of Charles Sheldon's book "In His Steps." About fifty fine stereopticon views will be thrown on the screen. Special music will be rendered.

Lectures are to be given each Sunday evening in the church until after Easter, and will be illustrated on every other Sabbath. The public has cordial invitation to attend.

On Wednesday afternoon the ladies of this parish will meet in the vestry to prepare for "sock social" to be given February 12. The following committees will be in charge: printing, Mrs. Richard I. Walden, with the officers and directresses of the Social Circle; decorating, Miss Alice J. Hanscom, Mrs. W. Wallace Jenkins, Mrs. Albert Entwistle; entertainment, Mrs. Clarence H. Paul, Mrs. F. R. Garrett, Mrs. George D. Whittier, Mrs. Harry J. Freeman, Mrs. Joseph Hett, Mrs. George S. Baker; refreshments, Mrs. John H. Walton, Mrs. Lyman T. Pray, Mrs. Andrew P. Wendell, Mrs. Annie M. Plaisted, Mrs. A. P. Conner, Mrs. James Hall, Mrs. Richard I. Walden, Mrs. F. E. H. Marden.

A BANK FOR EVERYBODY.

Cashier A. M. Bragdon of the York County national bank is furnishing patrons and prospective patrons of that institution with individual savings banks of the same design as the accompanying cut. It is one of the cleverest little devices of the kind we have ever seen and it is sure to prove both useful and popular. The



safes are being distributed by Mr. Van Valkenburg, the bank's representative, and they make very dainty gifts.

The idea is that coins, or even bank notes, may be dropped into the safe for convenience and safe keeping until the owner is ready to deposit the money in the bank. The difficulty of handling silver, especially in considerable quantities, will thus be entirely obviated and this fact alone will make the safe an exceedingly valuable article.

CHECKLIST NOTICE.

The Board of Registrars of Voters for the City of Portsmouth hereby gives notice, that they will be in session at the Common Council chamber at City Hall in said city, on the following dates, viz: Jan. 28, Feb. 3, 6, 10, 13, 17, 20, 24, 27 and Mar. 3 at the following hours, from 9 a. m. to 12 m.; from 2 to 5 and 7.30 to 9 p. m., for the purpose of making up and correcting the Checklists of the several wards in said city, to be used at the annual election to be held March 10, 1903.

The said board will also be in session at the same place on election day, March 10, 1903 from 8 a. m. to 12 m., and from 1 to 4 p. m., for the purpose of granting certificates to those legal voters whose names are omitted from the lists.

Voters must bear in mind that it is their personal duty to see that their names are on the lists by presenting themselves at some meeting of this board.

HERBERT B. DOW, Chairman.

ALBERT H. ENTWISTLE, Clerk.

REAL ESTATE CONVEYANCES.

Following are the conveyances of real estate in the county of Rockingham for the week ending January 21, as recorded in the registry of deeds:

Epping—Henry F. Tuttle to George E. Carswell, land, \$25, deeded in 1868; Charlotte Thurston to last grantee, land, \$100, deeded in 1870.

Exeter—Charles W. Taylor to A. T. Wing, Palmer, Mass., land and buildings on Main street, \$1.

Seabrook—Joseph R. Brown to Newell C. Brown, land, \$25.

The entire plant of the Portsmouth Machine company will be used for the P. A. C. fair.

DISTURBED SLEEP IN CHILDHOOD

If a child is restless in the night, starting suddenly from sleep, tossing about the bed, grinding the teeth—growing thin and listless, apparently from loss of rest—the trouble is worms. A few doses of that famous old remedy,

TRUE'S PIN WORM ELIXIR

will expel the worms, and cure the diseased conditions, causing the child to sleep well at night, and, naturally, give it a bright and cheerful disposition throughout the day. Dr. True's Pin Worm Elixir is a purely vegetable remedy that would not harm the most delicate child even if it had no worms. In use 50 years. Sold at stores generally, 35 cents. Booklet on Children and Their Diseases free. Write us for it.

Dr. J. F. TRUE & CO., Auburn, Me.
Special treatment for Tape Worms. Send for pamphlet.

WANTED—Manager for branch office we are locating here in Portsmouth. Address promptly, with references, The Morris Wholesale House, Cincinnati, Ohio. jash.cash

FOR SALE—Carriage, Jobbing and Horse Shoeing Business. A very cheap for a young man to continue. Established about 50 years. Terms liberal, as I am not able to continue in it. Apply to G. J. Greenleaf, back of Post Office. jash.cash

INSURANCE—Strong companies and low rates. What planing your insurance remember the old firm, Lacey & George. jash.cash

GROCERIES—You can buy groceries, all kinds of meats, provisions and vegetables at W. S. Smith's as cheap as at any place in the city. ell.cash

AGENTS—\$20 to \$50 weekly easily made. We prove this. Luminous nameplates, numbers, signs readable darkest nights. Samples free. Night Supply Co., Englewood, Ill.

Granite State Fire Insurance Company
of Portsmouth, N. H.
Paid-Up Capital. \$200,000

OFFICERS:

CALVIN PAGE, President.
JOHN W. SANBORN, Vice President.
ALFRED F. HOWARD, Secretary.
JOHN W. EMERY, Asst. Secretary.
JUSTIN V. HANSCOM, Treasurer.
CALVIN PAGE, JOHN W. SANBORN, JUSTIN V. HANSCOM, ALBERT WALLACE, and E. H. WINCHESTER, Executive Committee.

ENJOY A DINNER OR LUNCH
AS SERVED BY
COTTRELL & WALSH
Penhallow Street.

PRIVATE DINING ROOMS CONVECTED. CATERING FOR LARGE OR SMALL PARTIES.

GEORGE A. TRAFTON, BLACKSMITH
AND
EXPERT HORSE SHOER.
STONE TOOL WORK A SPECIALTY.
NO. 118 MARKET ST.

RIPANS

The simplest remedy for indigestion, constipation, biliousness and the many ailments arising from a disordered stomach, liver or bowels is Ripans Tablets. They have accomplished wonders and their timely aid removes the necessity of calling a physician for many little ills that beset mankind. They go straight to the seat of the trouble, relieve the distress, cleanse and cure the affected parts, and give the system a general toning up. The Five Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 40 cents, contains a supply for year. All druggists sell them.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Opt. Genuine. BARELY disguised, reliable, and safe. They are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the female system. They are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the female system. They are the only pills that will cure all the ailments of the female system.

A BONANZA AT HOME.

THE COUNTY FAIR & MUSICAL RAILWAY has been in operation for 8 days and in that time has netted its owner \$12,000 and its cost \$30,000. We have the right to this amusement at Dover Beach Mass. and shall add many patented attractions. It will be located 1/2 mile from the State Bath House and on the State Boulevard.

WE GUARANTEE 10 PER CENT.

We GUARANTEE 10 per cent and much larger dividends are likely to be earned. This stock will be for sale by a limited time. Advertisers may stop in January, and if you want any stock you must be prompt. Only 5,000 shares are offered. When the dividends are up and the enterprise earning money, you will be too late; then no stock can be had. Not less than 25 shares nor more than 500 to one person. 25 per cent with order, balance 30 and 60 days. Read or prospectus WHETHER YOU BUY OR NOT. INVESTIGATE.

75 TO 100 PER CENT DIVIDENDS

The crowd that frequent Rye Beach are immense and the various amusements there are paying large dividends. The Steeplechase, for instance, in its first year, shows that it earned \$2,000 net profit, running only 6 weeks complete, and in 1902 the coldest season known for 30 years, earned about \$25,000 net profit, sufficient to pay 75 to 100 per cent dividends. None of its stock is for sale.

LITERAL GOLD MINES.

THE COUNTY FAIR & MUSICAL RAILWAY is more attractive and has a much greater earning capacity than the above mentioned amusements. Are you willing, oil, real estate, railroads, savings banks, industrial stocks in it with this? Do you know that \$200,000.00 are yearly spent in the U. S. for amusements and only \$50,000.00 for bread? Permanent amusement is no more literal gold mines and are a clean off a d, and this may be the only chance in your lifetime to get a legit mine bonanza right at home where you can see your gold mined. Address

REVERE BEACH COUNTY FAIR AND MUSICAL RAILWAY CO.
110 BOSTON STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

J. A. & A. W. WALKER
SOLE AGENTS FOR
OLD COMPANY LEHIGH COALS
ALSO
Reading and Wilkesbarre Coals
Best Preparation Obtainable
In This City.
187 MARKET ST.
CEMETERY LOTS CARED FOR AND TURFING DONE.
WITH increased facilities the undertaker is again prepared to take charge and keep in order such lots in any of the cemeteries of the city as may be entrusted to his care. He will also give careful attention to the turbing and grading of them, also to the cleaning of monuments and headstones, and the removal of bodies in addition to work at the cemetery he will do turbing and grading in the city at short notice.
Cemetery lots for sale, also Loans and Turf. Orders left at his residence, corner of Richmond and South streets, or by mail, or left with Oliver W. Hamlin, corner to S. R. Fletcher in Market street, will receive prompt attention.
M. J. GRIFFIN.

LABOR UNION DIRECTORY

CENTRAL LABOR UNION.
Pres., John T. Mallon;
Vice Pres., James Lyons;
Sec. Sec., Francis Quinn.
Composed of delegates from all the local unions.
Meets at A. O. H. hall, first and last Thursday of each month.

FEDERAL UNION.
Pres., Gordon Preble;
Sec., E. W. Clark.
Meets in A. O. H. hall second and fourth Fridays of each month.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION, NO. 482.
Pres., William B. Randall;
Vice Pres., Harrison O. Hottel;
Sec. Sec., Miss Z. Gertrude Young;
Serg. At Arms, Arthur G. Brewster;
Meets in P. O. hall, second Saturday of each month.

PAINTERS.
Pres., William T. Lyons;
Sec. Sec., Charles H. Colson.
Meets first and third Fridays of each month, in G. A. R. hall.

COOPER'S UNION.
Pres., Stanton Truman;
Sec., John Molloy.
Meets second Tuesday of each month in G. A. R. hall, Daniel street.

MIXERS AND SERVERS, NO. 308.
Pres., John Harrington;
Sec., William Dunn.
Meets in Hibernian hall, first and third Sundays of each month.

HOD-CARRIERS.
Pres., Frank Bray;
Sec., Braintree Hersey.
Meets 28 Market street, first Monday of the month.

GROCERY CLERKS.
Pres., William Harrison;
Sec., Walter Staples.
Meets first and third Thursdays of the month in Longshoremen's hall, Market street.

TEAMSTERS UNION.
Pres., John Gorman;
Sec., James D. Brooks.
Meets first and third Thursdays in each month in Longshoremen's hall, Market street.

BARBERS.
Pres., John Long;
Sec., Frank Ham.
Meets in Longshoremen's hall, first Friday of each month.

GRANITE CUTTERS.
Pres., John T. Mallon;
Sec., James McNaughton.
Meets third Friday of each month at A. O. H. hall.

CARPENTERS UNION.
Pres., Frank Dennett;
Sec., John Parsons.
Meets in G. A. R. hall, second and fourth Thursdays of each month.

LONGSHOREMEN.
Pres., Jere. Conhig;
Sec., Michael Leyden.
Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month in Longshoremen's hall, Market street.

BOTTLERS.
Pres., Dennis E. Drislane;
Sec., Eugene Sullivan.
Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month at Peirce hall, High street.

BREWERY WORKERS.
Pres., Albert Adams;
Sec. Sec., Richard P. Fullam;
Fin. Sec., John Connell.
Meets second and fourth Thursdays of the month, at 38 Market street.

BRICKLAYERS AND MASONS.
Pres., Charles E. Whitehouse;
Sec., James E. Chickering.
Meets first and third Saturdays of each month in Red Men's hall.

BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS UNION NO. 14.
Pres., James H. Cogan;
Fin. Sec., W. S. Wright;
Treas., Edward Amazeen.
Meet in U. V. U. hall every second Thursday of the month.

Professional Cards.
C. D. HINMAN, D. D. S.
DENTAL ROOMS, 18 MARKET SQUARE
Portsmouth, N. H.

F. S. TOWLE, M. D.
84 State Street, Portsmouth, N. H.
Office Hours:
10 a. m. to 4 p. m. and 7 to 9 p. m.

WINS, M. D.,
State St.
Congress St.
Portsmouth, N. H.

STRIKERS ANGRY.

Amesbury Non-Unionists Receive Rough Treatment.

Chased Through The Streets By A Yelling Mob.

Police Force Too Small To Cope With The Rioters.

Amesbury, Mass., Jan. 23.—The strike situation in the carriage industry here, which has been in a quiet stage for nearly 2 weeks, suddenly became strenuous today, a violent attack being made on the non-union men by the strikers.

The small force of police was speedily overpowered and the strike breakers were hunted from the places where they had taken refuge and assaulted. All this happened as the result of a boast made by 4 or 5 of the non-union men, in which it was asserted that they did not fear the strikers and "could lick 'em at any time."

When the strike breakers left the factories tonight about 400 union men and their sympathizers were waiting to give them a reception. At first the mob contented itself with yells and hoots, but the crowd gradually grew bolder and when the non-union men started to run pandemonium reigned supreme.

Up Main street ran the strike breakers, with 500 yelling men and boys at their heels. The fugitives who were caught had a hard time of it and at one time there were several fights in progress.

Foreman Prescott of the Walker carriage factory sought refuge in a restaurant, but he was soon dragged outside. He kept his assailants at bay for a time with a large carving knife which he had found in the kitchen of the restaurant, but he was finally disarmed and thrown down and severely kicked and pummeled. The police at last rescued him and arrested one of his assailants, Orville Canler. The latter was subsequently bailed out.

For an hour or two afterward the strikers marched up and down the streets hooting and yelling, but they finally dispersed.

MAY ARBITRATE.

Possibility That Warring Labor Organizations Will Settle Differences.

Lynn, Mass., Jan. 23.—The Boot and Shoe Workers introduced something new this morning when the imported shoe cutters who are taking the places of the Knights of Labor cutters went to work.

Each man as he left Boot and Shoe Workers' union headquarters in Lasters' hall was given a white paper bag containing lunch.

This will do away with the necessity of sending food to the factories at noon. Meals morning and night at Lasters' hall will be continued through the week.

Next week the men will be placed in hotels and boarding houses.

There was no trouble this morning and some of the men went to work without police escort. Eight factories were supplied and the number of men furnished was the same as yesterday.

There is a general feeling in the city that something will come of the effort to settle the struggle between the two unions by arbitration when the conference committee meets this afternoon.

Six Boot and Shoe Workers' union cutters from Cincinnati, who remained over night at the United States hotel, Boston, arrived in Lynn this morning and after being supplied with their noon lunch at Lasters' hall were escorted to the Watson Shoe company factory, Broad street.

A small-sized crowd gathered and there was some hissing. Knights of Labor pickets talked with one man and he decided not to go to work. The other five went into the factory. The Boot and Shoe Workers' union officers say that there are other men on the way.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' union is seeking to lease a lodging house property to be used for housing the cutters brought on to break the Knights of Labor strike. One large apartment house was sought but the present lease could not be broken.

They plan to establish a large lodging house and have a restaurant connected with it, thus taking care of the men. Those brought on here are given

en their railroad fare to Lynn and guaranteed \$17 a week to be paid by their employers.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' union guarantees the manufacturer in turn that if any of the men furnished do not earn \$17 a week cutting shoes, that the difference will be made up to the manufacturer by the union from its \$20,000 Lynn strike fund.

One of the manufacturers who has been furnished cutters is responsible for this statement.

SECOND FRIDAY SESSION.

Only Fifty Members Of The House On Hand.

Concord, Jan. 23.—This week's Friday session of the legislature was attended by but fifty members and occupied less than half an hour. Ex-Alderman Samuel M. Couch of Manchester introduced three bills. (1) to elect the police commissioners of that city by the people, (2) providing that the mayor shall be a member of the street and park commission, taking the place of that member whose term shall first expire, and (3) making the board of assessors a permanent body. All three of these measures were referred to a special committee consisting of the delegation from Manchester.

Representative Nyberg introduced a bill incorporating the Bellman club of Manchester, and Representative Cavanaugh a bill prohibiting certain kinds of convict labor at the State Industrial school, Manchester. Both of these measures went to the judiciary committee. Mr. Cavanaugh's is a labor union measure.

Mr. Pike of Haverhill put in a joint resolution providing for a nursery for the growth and sale of forest trees, seedlings and seeds; and appropriating \$5000 a year for each of two years. Mr. Yeaton of Portsmouth introduced a bill relating to telephone and telegraph companies. Speaker Cheney called the house to order at 1:30 o'clock and adjourned at 9:55 o'clock.

Among the notices of bills were: John J. Ryan—A bill regulating bakeries and candy factories; Frank E. Farrell—An act relating to the taking of deer.

Mr. Remick—A joint resolution in aid of the New Hampshire Feeble-minded school.

Omer Janelle—An act relating to exemptions from the trustee process. Following is the text of Mr. Cavanaugh's bill:

Section 1.—No inmate under sentence to the state Industrial school shall hereafter be employed at said school in any labor in the textile or any other industry where said labor shall come in competition with paid labor by contract or in any other way than by paid services for the number of hours employed at the same rate as near as can be ascertained as is paid for like service from persons not confined in said institution, and any contract entered into by the trustees of said Industrial school with any other person for the furnishing of labor at said institution under contract of any kind, except for the full value of such labor performed by each person who is to perform the same, is prohibited.

Section 2.—This act shall take effect upon its passage.

THE EARTH TREMBLED.

Several Southern Cities Are Somewhat Shaken Up.

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 23.—A decided earthquake shock was felt in this city and suburbs at 8:15 tonight.

Savannah Felt It, Too.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 23.—Two distinct and almost immediately successive earthquake shocks were felt tonight at 8:15. Reports from Tybee Island are that houses were perceptibly shaken.

COLON JUBILANT.

The Completion Of The Canal Now Confidently Expected.

Colon, Colombia, Jan. 23.—The news received here tonight that the canal treaty between the United States and Colombia had been signed caused much jubilation throughout the isthmus. It is hoped that the United States will begin at once the work of completing the canal.

NINETY-THREE PICTURES SOLD.

They Bring A Total Of Nearly Two Hundred Thousand Dollars.

New York, Jan. 23.—At the first sale of the collection of the late Henry G. Marquand, 93 pictures were disposed of for a total of \$197,000.

Monarch over pain. Burns, cuts, sprains, stings. Instant relief. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At any drug store.

STILL FIGHTING.

Guns Of San Carlos Not Yet Silenced.

German Commander, Nevertheless, Says The Fort Is Destroyed.

Citizens Of La Guaira Anxious To Fight The Germans.

Maracaibo, Jan. 23.—At 2 o'clock this afternoon Fort San Carlos was still in possession of the government forces and the bombardment by the German warships was still going on. There was no apparent change in the situation. The gunboat Panther was the only vessel to come inside the bar. Communication with the fort is very difficult. There is great excitement in Maracaibo.

Restaurador In A Hurry.

La Guaira, Jan. 23.—The former Venezuelan gunboat Restaurador, now in the possession of the Germans, arrived at 2 o'clock this afternoon from Puerto Cabello and anchored near the shore. Her presence caused great popular indignation.

At 3 o'clock several rifle shots were heard in the distance. Shortly afterwards the Restaurador left her anchorage and moved to a position outside the harbor and under the protection of the guns of the British cruiser Tribune.

It is not known why or by whom the rifle shots were fired, but it is believed that the precaution of the Restaurador was wise and her action timely. The hungry and unemployed populace of La Guaira, excited by recent events and driven to desperation by their condition, applied to the authorities for arms and proposed making a night attack on the gunboat. The feeling against the Germans is running high here.

Fort Began It.

Berlin, Jan. 23.—Commodore Seeger, commander of the German fleet in Venezuelan waters, officially reports the bombardment of Fort San Carlos at Maracaibo, under date of Jan. 21, as follows:

"On the 17th, as the Panther was passing Maracaibo bar, she was unexpectedly attacked by Fort San Carlos, which opened fire on her. To this the Panther replied and the cannonade was sustained for half an hour. Owing to the difficulties of navigation, the Panther then desisted.

"In order to exact immediate punishment for this attack, the more so, as the Venezuelan government proclaimed it a victory, I bombarded the fort with the Vineta on the 21st, and destroyed it."

A BLOODTHIRSTY ITALIAN.

He Kills A Man And Fatally Wounds His Son.

Providence, R. I., Jan. 23.—Robert Lyons was killed and his son fatally wounded in Burrillville, R. I., by an Italian named Michael Angelo de Palma this evening.

How It Happened.

Providence, Jan. 23.—The murder of Robert Lyons was the outcome of a quarrel which began 3 weeks ago between the Italian and Robert Lyons, Jr., who were both employed in the dye room of the Anchor mill, as was also young Lyons' father.

Today the elder Lyons got into an argument with de Palma which resulted in the latter drawing a revolver and shooting the old man dead. Robert Lyons, Jr., went to his father's assistance and received a bullet in the shoulder. His wound was at first thought to be fatal, but is now considered less serious.

When the shooting began the operatives hurriedly left the mill and after de Palma had seen the result of his act he rushed from the building and ran for 2 miles before he finally gave himself up.

He will be arraigned on the charge of murder.

FLETCHER REPORTS.

And Mr. Gardner Wants A Naval Academy For Massachusetts.

Washington, Jan. 23.—Lieut. Fletcher, U. S. N., informed the navy department today that there was still some hope of saving the U. S. S. Leyden, ashore on Block Island.

Representative Gardner of Massachusetts today introduced a resolution

in the house providing for an additional naval academy located at Marblehead, Massachusetts.

STEREOPTICON SERVICE.

Tissot's Pictures At The North Church, Sunday Afternoon.

At the North church on Sunday afternoon there will be a stereopticon service, beginning at fifteen minutes before five. Sixty-five pictures will be shown, illustrating the later periods of the life of Christ. The slides are reproductions of the famous pictures of James Tissot and most of the slides are colored, thus faithfully reproducing the originals. It will be remembered that the earlier pictures of the series were shown at this church on Christmas Sunday.

The scriptures will be read and hymns will be sung from the screen. Cordial invitations are extended to all.

COMMENT UNNECESSARY.

Coal has been brought to Manchester via Burlington, Vt., within a few days, at a saving of two dollars a ton under the price the Manchester dealers received from Portsmouth. Comment is unnecessary.—Foster's Democrat.

He Made Money Too Fast

"I spoke from the same platform last autumn with a funny fellow who told the best story I have heard in the campaign," Representative Foster of Vermont was telling a group in one of the cozy corners of the house cloak-rooms. "It was used to illustrate the prevalence of good times for working-men."

"A man had landed in San Francisco, after extensive travels, mighty close to being 'busted.' He had decided to work rather than starve and applied to a freight office of one of the transcontinental lines for a place as brakeman. The road had a job waiting for him, and he asked:

"How much do you pay a month?"

"We don't pay by the month."

"How much a week?"

"Don't pay by the week. We pay brakemen 3 cents a mile."

"Our 'busted' friend went to work on the first freight train east from Frisco. As the locomotive pulled up into the mountains it moved slower and slower, and the new brakeman, counting the miles, began to be greatly dissatisfied with his job. But before reaching the summit the train broke in two. At the rate of fifty miles an hour the rear end went backing down the mountain side.

"Don't jump!" shouted the conductor to the new brakeman. "Stick to it, and don't jump."

"Jump!" shouted back the brakeman. "Well, I guess I won't jump! 'What kind of a fool do you take me for when I'm making \$1.50 an hour?'"—Baltimore News.

A Business Arrangement.

"Sir," he said to her father, "this is a practical world. The spirit of commercialism cannot be throttled by the tender bonds of sentiment. Perhaps you have noticed this?"

"I can't say I have," replied the stern parent, "but that needn't detain you."

"Of course not," said the youth, with an affable smile. "What I was about to say is that while I am sitting up courting your daughter I feel that it would be no more than fair to offer to pay for the gas I assist in consuming."

"Good," said the old man. "And how about the coal? Do you expect me to throw that in?"

"Certainly not," cried the youth. "I'll gladly throw in the coal. Bless you, I worked my way through college tending a furnace."

And the old man smiled approvingly.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Not Always.

"I tell you," said Mr. Wyzun, who was enlightening the family dinner by a lecture on financial topics, "the only way a man can succeed in any kind of business these days is to get in on the ground floor."

Meanwhile a porch climber was busily gathering up a miscellaneous lot of valuable jewelry and costly furs in the front bedroom upstairs.—Chicago Tribune.

Why He Used A Hatchet.

George Washington had just cut down the cherry tree.

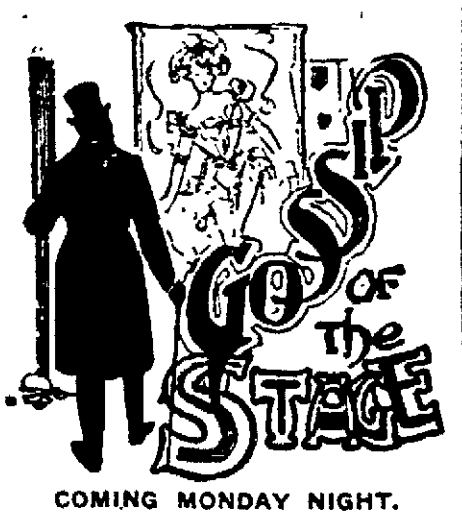
"But why," asked the father, "did you do it with your little hatchet?"

"Because," replied the youngster, "I didn't have any ax to grind."

Mightily pleased at the astute answer, the old man predicted that such foresight would make his boy president.—New York Herald.

Illustrated Phrase From A Novel.

"The villain ground his teeth."



The Show Girl comes to Music hall next Monday evening and it will be an event of unusual interest to local playgoers. The company is not the No. 2 or No. 3, but the same one which has scored such pronounced hits in New York, Boston, Philadelphia and other large cities. Musical and other specialties abound in the piece, and the cast includes Marguerite Knight, Frank Lalor, Robert L.



Dailey, William Mowrey, Marie Hilton, Frances Wilson, David Lythgoe, Yolande Wallace, John For, and David Abrahams, the noted animal impersonator. The chorus girls occupy perhaps the leading position of all, and are said to be notably attractive and to be most brilliantly garbed. The scenery, which is all new this season, is also said to be a special feature. The sale of seats to date assures a big house.

TWO NIGHTS OF VAUDEVILLE.

Portsmouth's playgoers are to have two nights of social vaudeville next week. On Wednesday and Thursday evenings, Bishop's Serenaders will appear at Music hall in a program comprising an even dozen turns by first-class variety performers. The old reliables, Fox and Ward, will be seen and heard in a new sketch. The Serenaders bring a fine concert band and orchestra and give an entertainment that is satisfactory in every particular.

"LOBBY CHATTER."

The following items appeared under the heading "Lobby Chatter" in a recent issue of the Chicago Courier:

Wouldn't Eddie Foy's real name look queer on the bills? Of course, the Chicago people know it is Pat Fitzgerald.

Some of the chorus girls in New York are not the owners of automobiles, and there is much dissatisfaction in consequence.

Sara Bernhardt was once a dressmaker, but that need not make all the dressmakers think they could act.

A young Western actress is named Ella Fant. This looks like she had made a mistake in going on the stage. Her place is in a circus.

Press agents must invent some new aids for their stars as the appendicitis gag is now old, and all the stars have already been cut up.

You are not compelled to buy your seat way down in front at a burlesque show just because you are a little bald, but go ahead if you like it.

Do you know how to tell the villain in the play? Well, if you are in doubt, pick out the best dressed of all the company, and if he is sucking a cigarette it is he.

An actress told me once that she would like to cross the ocean, but she thought her only chance would be to cross on a bark that she got from her dog.

If you do not want to wait till the curtain goes down on the last act of a play, why not get out before the last act commences, and give some of the people a chance to hear and see the finale?

Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema, or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

If you want to go to

CALIFORNIA OREGON WASHINGTON

cheaply and comfortably, address the undersigned for facts about daily and personally conducted excursions. Only \$6 for a double berth from Chicago in Tourist Sleeping Cars.

Full information as to checking of baggage and time schedules of fast trains, freight rates on household goods, maps, booklets, etc., free on request.

308 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

W. B. KNISKERN,
Passenger Traffic Manager,
CHICAGO.

W. E. Paul RANGES

—AND—

PARLOR STOVES

KITCHEN FURNISHING GOODS

Everything to be found in a First-Class Kitchen Furnishing Store, such as Tinware (both grades), Enamelled Ware (both grades), Nickel Ware, Wooden Ware, Cutlery, Lamps, Oil Heaters, Carpet Sweepers, Washing Machines, Wringers, Cake Closets, Lunch Boxes, etc.

Many useful articles will be found on the 5c and 10c counters.

Please consider that in this line will be found some of the Most Useful and Acceptable Holiday Gifts.

39 to 45 Market Street

THE HERALD

Has The Finest

JOB PRINTING PLANT

In The City.

OLIVER W. HAM,
(Successor to Samuel S. Fletcher)
60 Market Street.
Furniture Dealer
—AND—
Undertaker.

NIGHT CALLS at side entrance, No. 2 Hanover street, or at residences, cor. New Vaughan street and Baynes avenue.

Telephone 59-2.

Finest Work

Reasonable Prices.

Gray & Prime

DELIVER

COAL

IN BAGS

NO DUST NO NOISE

311 Market St Telephone 3-4

COAL AND WOOD

C. E. WALKER & CO.,
Commission Merchant
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Coal and Wood
Office Cor. State and Water Sts.

For Your Real Estate or Business

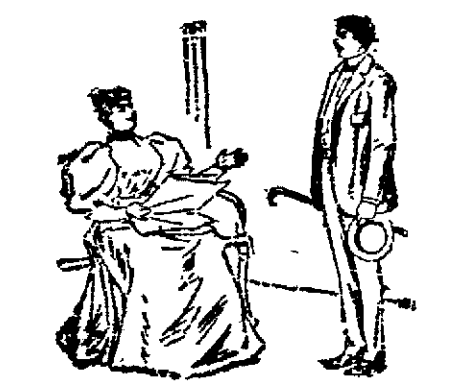
Anywhere in New England. Read full description at once. Call on any real estate agent, or write to: ALFRED A. BOW, 6 Main St., Boston.

A GREAT TRUTH.
How It Has Spread From Home to Home in Portsmouth.

In every part of Portsmouth; in the homes of the wealthy; in the humble abode of the man of toil, 'tis now a well known fact—a great truth—that Doan's Kidney Pills have brought more comfort to backache sufferers and cured more sick kidneys than any medicine of modern times.

Mrs. Robert C. Anderson of 12 Warren street says: "I had a great deal of trouble with my kidneys until I used Doan's Kidney Pills. I became interested in an advertisement I saw in a newspaper about them. I went to Philbrick's pharmacy on Congress street and procured a box. At the time I had distressing dizziness, lightness in my head, lameness in the small of my back and pain that almost prostrated me. After the treatment I was perfectly free from every inconvenience."

Cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.



LOW PRICES.

Many people shout Low Prices. The prices are low—so is the quality of the goods. We say low prices and we back up the statement with a good strong reason. We can make the best clothing—make it as well as it can be made—at low prices, because our expenses are light and we have many patrons. There is no use throwing money away. There is no use paying any more for perfection than you have to. We will be glad to see you at any time.

HAUGH, LADIES' AND GENTS' TAILOR
20 High Street.

STANDARD BRAND.
Newark cement

400 Barrels of the above Cement Just Loaded.
THIS COMPANY'S CEMENT
Has been on the market for the past fifty years. It has been used on the Principal Government and Other Public Works.
And has received the commendation of the Army, Navy, Architects and Consumers generally. Persons wanting cement should not be misled. Obtain the best.
FOR SALE BY
JOHN H. ROUGHTON

7-20-4
10c CIGAR

LITTLE GOLD DUST
Havana filled 5c. cigars are now having the largest sales in their history. Quality counts. For sale by all first class dealers.
R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr.,
Manchester, N. H.

H. W. NICKERSON
LICENSED EMBALMER
— AND —
FUNERAL DIRECTOR.
6 Daniel Street, Portsmouth.
Calls by night at residence, 9 Miller Avenue, or 11 Gates Street, W. I. receive prompt attention.
Telephone at office and residence.

The Headless Horseman

Twelve o'clock and all is well. came the midnight answer of the first sentry on guard duty. The same reply came from two, three and four. Before the trooper designated as No. 5 had time to reply the one who answered to No. 4 had drawn his Colt's revolver and in quick succession had fired six shots into the body of a headless horseman who had suddenly made his appearance in a furious but noiseless dash through the hay corral which he was guarding. The shots were followed by four more from his carbine. There was a commotion at the garrison. The officer of the day rode up for an explanation and in a moment or two laughingly swung his horse to a canter and returned to the post.

But he left a brave though perplexed boy behind him. It was at Fort Meade but a few months ago. Ambitious for a military life born of experience in the ranks of the First regiment in Chicago, a young man enlisted and was assigned to the Thirteenth United States cavalry at Fort Meade. The youth stands 6 feet 1 inch in his stockings, is an athlete and one of the best shots in the regiment, yet he is a mere boy.

The moonlight night he emptied his revolver at the phantom horseman who never passed from his memory. When he came home a few days ago on a furlough, his brothers and sisters laughed at the story. In fact, the former made some cutting remarks about the kinds of "dope" most popular at the western posts of the United States army.

Then he looks serious and says: "I've only got one reason for believing it. I goan's experience, notwithstanding the fact that he was threatened with court martial for arousing the guard without evident cause, was the seriousness and belief with which his fellow troopers accepted the story. Many of them while doing sentry duty at post No. 4 just at midnight, when the moon was full and high, had seen the headless trooper on the white horse. The Chicagoan, however, had been the only man of a hundred or more in thirty years who had dared to try to stop him.

The story is told as gospel truth at Fort Meade. Dying men tell it as the truth that the headless trooper who visits the hay corral on the nights of the full moon is the ghost of Sergeant Sullivan, the bravest and most daring Irishman that ever helped to suppress an Indian outbreak. It was just before the memorable massacre of the gallant Custer and his men. Fort Meade was then a frontier post, and the Sioux were raising Cain. Only half of the garrison dared to sleep at a time—the other half watched for redskins. Sergeant Sullivan was on duty at the hay corral. It was known that the strip of woods to the south of the fort was alive with Indians, full of drink and deviltry, welcoming an opportunity to burn the fort and slaughter the handful of Uncle Sam's boys in the garrison; consequently the extra precautions in the guard.

"Twelve o'clock, and all is well," rang out the midnight call of the first sentry. Then came the replies from sentries 2, 3, and 4. Before No. 5 had time to reply Sergeant Sullivan, who was sentry No. 4, had drawn his Colt's revolver and had started a



THE SOLDIER FIRED AT THE APPARITION.

saw it. It was one of the prettiest nights I ever saw on guard. The moon was high and full. I was on duty at the hay and straw corral and had to keep in and out and around the big stacks to guard them from accidental or incendiary fires. Had a spark or match touched one of those piles it would have been goodby to the whole garrison. Just as I finished calling out 'Twelve o'clock, and all is well,' my broncho came to a sudden stop, extended his forelegs, pricked up his ears and glared at well, it startled me as much as it did the horse.

"Within fifty yards was a white horse, with a headless rider, dashing through the corral. The lightning thought came to me that the boys were playing a joke. Joke or no joke, I pulled my revolver and put six chunks of lead in the trunk of that horseman. At that distance I wouldn't take odds from the best shot in the regiment. Whether I hit the man or not, even after I had brought the carbine into play, he dashed along with the same reckless stride that startled me when I first saw him and disappeared in the woods to the south of the fort.

"Nobody can make me believe that I was mistaken. He sat as erect on that white horse as any man in our troop. Everything was there but his head. The sergeant's chevrons on his arms were as plain as day. Of course the thing brought the officer of the guard, and when I told him what I had seen he simply smiled and returned to the post. I knew that I had seen a headless horseman, but I didn't say a word about it the next morning. I waited for the boys to begin their 'kidding.' Then I found that I was not the only man who had seen the phantom. It seems that since the early seventies he has appeared regularly at the hay corral whenever the moon is full and high.

A peculiar point about the Chicagoan's experience, notwithstanding the fact that he was threatened with court martial for arousing the guard without evident cause, was the seriousness and belief with which his fellow troopers accepted the story. Many of them while doing sentry duty at post No. 4 just at midnight, when the moon was full and high, had seen the headless trooper on the white horse. The Chicagoan, however, had been the only man of a hundred or more in thirty years who had dared to try to stop him.

The story is told as gospel truth at Fort Meade. Dying men tell it as the truth that the headless trooper who visits the hay corral on the nights of the full moon is the ghost of Sergeant Sullivan, the bravest and most daring Irishman that ever helped to suppress an Indian outbreak. It was just before the memorable massacre of the gallant Custer and his men. Fort Meade was then a frontier post, and the Sioux were raising Cain. Only half of the garrison dared to sleep at a time—the other half watched for redskins. Sergeant Sullivan was on duty at the hay corral. It was known that the strip of woods to the south of the fort was alive with Indians, full of drink and deviltry, welcoming an opportunity to burn the fort and slaughter the handful of Uncle Sam's boys in the garrison; consequently the extra precautions in the guard.

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A Woman's Courage Undaunted by Fire

During a recent fire in a San Francisco boarding house a young woman exhibited such coolness and nerve in a most terrifying situation that she thereby saved her life. The fire occurred at 3 o'clock in the morning. Most of the boarders managed to get out of the house with whole skins and little else very soon after the fire was discovered, but one young lady, Mrs. Adele Repath of Seattle, who occupied the upper front room, did not awake until all possibility of getting out by way of the stairs was cut off.

Without hesitation she threw up the window and stood waiting for help to arrive.

As the heat became more intense Mrs. Repath clambered on to the window sill and finally let herself out and, like an athlete on a horizontal bar, lowered herself to arms' length, holding on to the window sill.

There she hung, swaying slightly, the light of the flames from above and below showing her figure in white nightgown in the corner next the adjoining building.

Suddenly there was a crash of glass just below and to the right of her, and the flames burst through from the floor below.

For a second or two agony was pictured in every feature of the young woman, who still held on grimly as the clanging bells told of the arrival first of Fire Chief Sullivan, then of the hook and ladder company and the steam fire engine.

Chief Sullivan appreciated the peril of the young woman's position the moment he had alighted from his buggy, and, forming a trumpet of his hands, he yelled:

"Hold on for your life! Don't jump!"

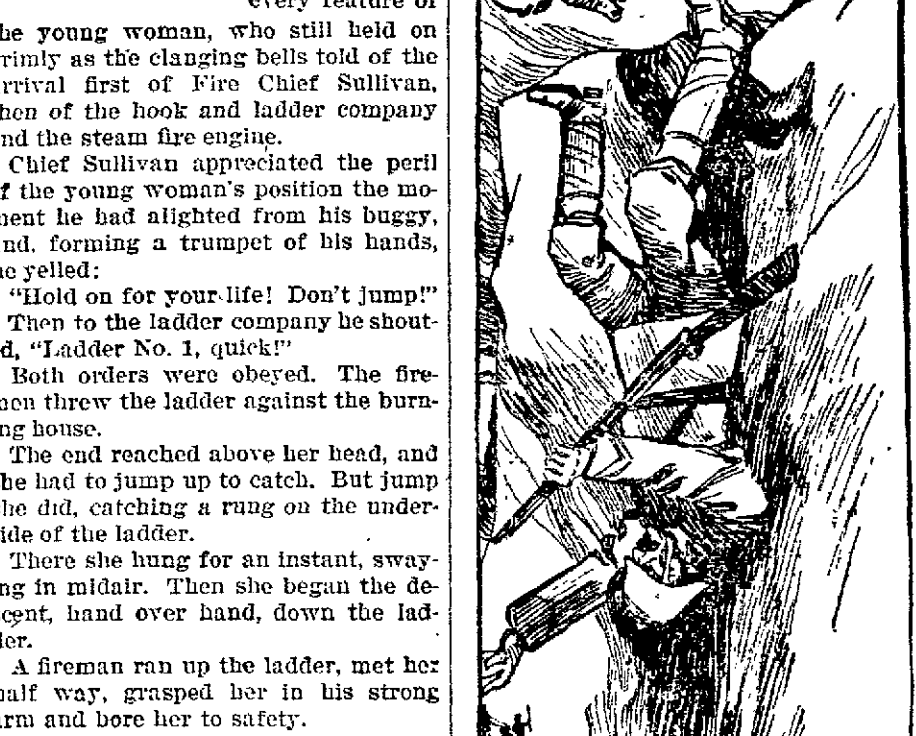
Then to the ladder company he shouted, "Ladder No. 1, quick!"

Both orders were obeyed. The firemen threw the ladder against the burning house.

The end reached above her head, and she had to jump up to catch. But jump she did, catching a rung on the underside of the ladder.

There she hung for an instant, swaying in midair. Then she began the descent, hand over hand, down the ladder.

A fireman ran up the ladder, met her half way, grasped her in his strong arm and bore her to safety.



Engineer's Brave Act Saves Life at Sea

Henri Pommer, assistant engineer on the steamship La Champagne, saved a life and secured his own promotion by an act of heroism seldom equaled in the annals of the sea. At the risk of his own life he saved the life of a comrade and then by hanging head down in the funnel of the big boat many feet above the roaring furnace he fixed a broken damper and prevented delay and possibly injury to the vessel.

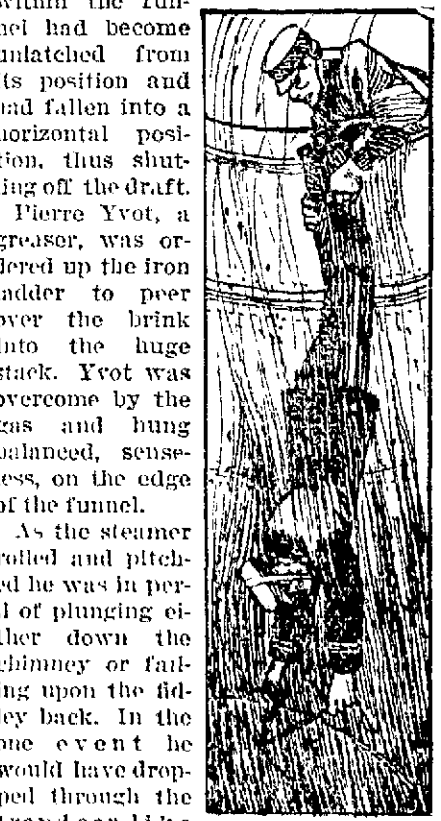
During a recent voyage in the midst of a stiff gale an assistant reported that the fires under the after funnel were burning low. The chief engineer decided that the three ton damper within the funnel had become unlatched from its position and had fallen into a horizontal position, thus shutting off the draft.

Pierre Yvot, a greaser, was ordered up the iron ladder to peer over the brink into the huge stack. Yvot was overcome by the gas and hung balanced, senseless, on the edge of the funnel.

As the steamer rolled and pitched he was in peril of plunging either down the chimney or falling upon the side-ladder. In the one event he would have dropped through the trap door-like damper, to be roasted; in the other he would have been dashed to death.

Pommer jumped to the rungs of the vertical ladder, climbed to the top of the funnel and brought down from his critical position the senseless greaser, who was borne to the hospital, where he was soon revived.

The heavy damper which had shaken loose and closed itself had then to be turned and secured. Pommer, cheered by his shipmates, again ascended to the edge of the stack and risked his life by allowing a seaman to grasp him by the ankles while he hung head down, with a sponge tied to mouth and nostrils, within the chimney until he had secured with extra lashing the damper to the inside of the funnel. The shutoff is nearly nine feet below the edge of the stack.



Most Remarkable Escape From Death

The most remarkable escape from death I ever saw occurred at Klerksdorp, Transvaal, in April, 1901, and a member of the Royal British engineers not long ago.

At the time I refer to I was in company of four comrades trekking around Klerksdorp and neighborhood in search of forage for our animals. We had to exercise great caution owing to the fact that the Boers were in close vicinity. We had been searching unsuccessfully for the best part of the day, when upon rounding a kopje (nicknamed Gibraltar) we came in sight of a group of springbok grazing about three-quarters way up the kopje.

The place where the deer were grazing was about 400 feet above the veldt level, and the sides of the kopje were as vertical as a wall. We "tossed up" to see who should make the climb, and the choice fell to a man named Stanley, who, "grousing" at his luck, commenced the ascent and after some very narrow escapes from slipping was successful in reaching a practically close position to the deer. We could see him taking aim and at last after a period of suspense heard the report of the shot and saw one of the deer fall to its knees, while the others made a stampede straight for the place where Stanley was lying.

Directly behind him was a clear drop of 400 feet and in front the deer gashing at terrific speed straight at him. His only course was to meet the deer with another shot and trust to this either to stop or turn them. This he did, but instead of turning them, as he anticipated, it merely gave force to their already great terror and infuriation. Two big bucks made a rush at him simultaneously, but, being blind with terror, collided with each other a few yards in front of where he was. The result of this was that one of them came crashing down to within a few feet of where we stood. The other, being a larger one, soon recovered itself and, seeing Stanley in front of him, made a terrific charge, catching him square in the chest and sending him over the side of the kopje.

We all expected to see him smashed in full view of our eyes; but, marvelous to tell, what we consider a real miracle happened, for as he fell backward his legging strap by some means came unfastened and caught by the buckle between two rocks. The deer could not stop its rush and went with terrific velocity well out over our chum's body down to rejoin its mate at the foot of the height. We all made a run to help Stanley, but stopped suddenly on hearing a shot and seeing one of the remaining deer drop to the ground, but not to die, for it rose again suddenly and, followed by the remainder of the group, which were too terrified to see where they were going, charged straight for the edge of the height, where Stanley was hanging head downward.

Too late. They tried to save themselves going over and went crashing down, taking the rocks that held Stanley with them. Of course directly the rocks went that held him suspended Stanley followed, but had not gone far when his hand fell caught on a bush, checking his fall slightly, but proving fortunate, as before he had gone much farther he brought up on a projecting rock which, but for the bush checking his fall, would have dashed him to pieces. This had all occurred in a minute, and when we had got over our fascination we had time to see who had fired the last shot at the deer.

We were soon assured as to the rifleman, for bullets began to strike around us, and before we could realize it two of us, myself included, were wounded. We then saw a party of about fifty Boers, who, I have no doubt, were there for the same purpose as ourselves. It was absolutely useless to fight under the circumstances, so we reluctantly surrendered and at once called our captors' attention to our comrade down the side of the height. By knitting tether ropes together we were enabled to let one of our party down and quickly had Stanley up. He was a pitiable sight and was violently vomiting blood, besides having three ribs and his left leg broken.



THE BUCK KNOCKED STANLEY OVER THE CLIFF.

A Tragedy of the Plains

A TERRIBLE story of savage superstition, murder and retribution has just come to light among the Mojave Indians along the Colorado river, in Arizona. Love and jealousy were the inciting forces of the tragedy.

The story had its beginning at Hesperia, Cal., and its sequel in the Granite Wash mountains, Arizona. Hesperia is a small settlement on the line of the Santa Fe railroad in the San Bernardino mountains.

In the Hesperia camp was a big Indian named George Bruce. How he came by the name no one seems to know. Bruce took to wife an Indian girl known as Anita. Anita had a sister, Maria Victoria, who came to live with the newly wedded couple. In the course of time Anita became violently jealous of her husband's attentions to Maria Victoria. She set about for means to put her out of the way. She told Bruce that Maria Victoria was a witch and that if she were not put out of the way death and misfortune would come to the entire camp and to himself in particular.

For a long time, it has since been learned, Bruce resisted the insidious and murderous advice of his wife. Anita was persistent, however, and did not neglect to charge every ill that befell an inhabitant of the little camp to the witchery of Maria Victoria. Bruce gave way finally before the persistence of his wife and agreed to put an end to Maria Victoria in the manner of dealing with witches—namely, by strangling her.

Anita played upon the superstitious fear not alone of her husband, but of the entire camp, and convinced them all that Maria Victoria, her sister, was a witch. One day in April last the Indians assembled at a chosen spot far up in the San Bernardino mountains, the condemned but unsuspecting girl among them. A circle was formed and a sort of preliminary ceremonial carried out. Maria Victoria was then brought into the center of the circle and promptly condemned by two Indians sitting as judges in the case. Bruce was selected as the executioner. He stepped forward with a rope and placed the noose around the girl's neck. Slowly he drew the coil about her throat and deliberately choked her to death. Her struggles are described as terrible, but not an Indian among all the spectators raised hand or voice in protest against the murder.

News of the savage execution reached the white men of Hesperia, and the coroner at San Bernardino, thirty miles away, was notified. His investigation developed the particulars already related. Bruce, who had made no effort to escape, was promptly arrested. In charge of a constable he was taken to the railroad station at Hesperia. While awaiting the arrival of the train Bruce slipped out of the station room and escaped into the darkness.

This was in the latter part of last May. The sequel to the story has just reached Los Angeles.

When Bruce escaped across the Colorado river into Yuma county, he plunged into the mountains and joined a camp of Mojave Indians in the Granite Wash range. These Indians knew

turn cast an evil spell upon the springs and caused them to dry up. A council was held, and it was quickly decided to get rid of the hoodoo. The men of the camp assembled at the California Indians had done for the trial of Maria Victoria. A circle was formed, and the ceremony of trial and condemnation was carried out much after the manner of the one that preceded Maria Victoria's execution. Bruce was brought forward and a rope placed around his neck, as he had placed one around the neck of his victim. But here the similarity of the execution ended.

An Indian mounted upon a pony rode within the circle and tied the other end of the rope around the pomel of his saddle. Slowly he rode out of camp and into a wide patch of sand, cactuses and sagebrush, Bruce trotting along behind him. Suddenly the rider wheeled about, put spurs to his pony and jerked the doomed man off his feet. Lashing the pony into a furious pace, Bruce was dragged back and forth through the cactus patch and finally hauled into camp over the rock strewn trail. Here the squaws set upon the now lifeless body and with long switches cut the shapeless remains of the victim to pieces.

How a Maine Mill Came to Be Haunted

Such distinction as possessing a haunted mill carries with it belongs to the village of Hollis, Me. The mill in question had lain idle for many years, when a stranger named John Livingstone leased it, according to the chron-

icles of the occult. It stood in the midst of a heavily wooded piece of timber beside a small stream which furnished the power for the wheel. While the work went along well enough during the daytime, Mr. Livingstone was annoyed to find that none of the villagers who helped him would consent to remain after dark.

The new operator of the mill was ignorant of the reputation of his property, and no one seemed willing to acquaint him with the story. He was constrained to run the mill alone after dark and got along well enough for a week or so, when he noticed unaccountable irregularities in the working of the mill wheel. It would slow down without reason, and the machinery would seem to clog, but investigation revealed no cause for the eccentric behavior.

This went on for a week or two, when one night the carriage stopped abruptly. Mr. Livingstone thought he spied the dim figure of a man leaning over the carriage near the saw. Seizing a heavy cant dog, the miller made a dash for the figure, striking at it as he did so, but meeting with no resistance. The heavy weapon passed through the head and shoulders of the figure as though striking at mist. Again and again the exasperated miller struck at the figure, roaring orders for it to leave the mill, but met with no response. Neither did the figure pay the slightest attention to Mr. Livingstone's frantic blows.

Finally, it straightened up, and at the same instant the saw, loosened from its fastenings, fell with a crash to the floor. Then the ghostly figure slowly retreated into the darkest part of the mill, still followed by Mr. Livingstone, who was determined to learn what the mystery really meant. Arriving at the darkest corner, the ghost turned and faced its pursuer, slowly raising an admonishing finger. Then it vanished. That ended night work in the mill.

It was afterward learned that the former owner of the mill had been awindled out of his property a short time before his death, and it was popularly believed that he revisited the scene of his earthly activity at night and took delight in tormenting the lessee.

BRUCE WAS DRAGGED BY THE NECK.

of his crime, but shielded him from the officers of the law. Here he lived until his crime brought terrible retribution.

During the summer months the springs near which the Indian camp had been pitched for years dried up. The Mojaves were at a loss to understand the cause of the misfortune, but finally concluded that there was an evil spirit among them. In seeking out the one that had brought bad luck the suspicion of the medicine man of the camp fell upon George Bruce. It was concluded that Bruce was bewitched by the spirit of his victim, Maria Victoria, and that he had in



BRUCE WAS DRAGGED BY THE NECK.



THE MILLER STRUCK AT THE FIGURE.

ACTORS MAY PLAY TWICE A DAY IN THE FUTURE

By Sir HENRY IRVING



THE OLD ACTORS HAD TO PLAY FOUR TIMES A WEEK AT MOST—THAT IS, THOSE WHO HAD TO PLAY HEAVY PARTS. THE ACTOR OF TODAY HAS TO PLAY NEVER LESS THAN SIX TIMES, GENERALLY SEVEN, SOMETIMES EVEN EIGHT. It is within the present generation of players that the martine has arisen.

TWO MARTINES A WEEK DELIGHT THE HEART OF THE MANAGER. PERHAPS HE DREAMS SOMETIMES OF A PLAY WITH SUCH MAGNETIC ATTRACTIONS THAT THE PUBLIC WILL WANT TO SEE IT TWICE A DAY FOR AT LEAST SIX MONTHS.

That is not beyond the bounds of possibility when you consider the multitude of playgoers and the increasing facilities of communication. THEATERS ARE SPRINGING UP EVERYWHERE. * * * THE TRAMCAR AND ELECTRIC SYSTEMS, THE OVERHEAD AND UNDERGROUND RAILS, HAVE BROUGHT EVEN DISTANT SUBURBS INTO IMMEDIATE TOUCH WITH THE HEART OF THE GREAT CITIES, and there are 500 towns where the same conditions apply in greater or less degree.

Our Universities and Their Work

By WOODROW WILSON, President of Princeton University

THE university is not for every man. For one thing, it is not every man who could or would care to wait until his twenty-fourth year to go into business. The world must be served in various ways, and the university man alone is not able to serve in all.

The universities turn out a good many failures, but men go to the universities from various motives. Some are turned out still in the raw state after four years' attendance, some are turned out who are acquainted with learning, but whose stock of it will not stand the wind and weather of life, and yet every man must get some little benefit from his university training.

THE HUMAN MIND HAS AN INFINITE CAPACITY FOR RESISTING KNOWLEDGE, BUT WE HAVE A SYSTEM OF DRAGOONING STUDENTS, AND THEY ARE BENEFITED SOMEHOW AND IN SOME WAYS IN SPITE OF ALL.

The only way to kindle fire is with fire, and once it is kindled you may safely leave it to burn. It is the teacher's duty to lay before the pupil the compass and chart and show him where men have explored and where the dark continents of thought lay. The teacher is also to breed the temper of judgment, sanity and tolerance. In an intellectual sphere there are poise and ease, and that is where the university differs from the common school. The boy learns to use his mind like a tool of precision. THE GREAT THING ABOUT OUR UNIVERSITIES IS THEIR DEMOCRACY. THE ONLY DIFFERENCE IN THEM IS IN ACHIEVEMENT. It may be intellectual, athletic or social, but these are the only lines of demarcation among the students.

AND SO THE FUNCTION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF THE UNITED STATES IS THE SERVICE OF THE NATION, THE PREPARATION OF SPECIALIZED MINDS, NOT IN THE SENSE OF BEING NARROWED, BUT IN THE SENSE OF BEING TEMPERED FOR HARD AND DELICATE USE.

LIFE, LIBERTY AND A JOB MAN'S INALIENABLE RIGHTS

By WALTER P. LOGAN, New York Lawyer

ALL MEN ARE ENTITLED TO CERTAIN INALIENABLE RIGHTS, AND AMONG THE RIGHTS ARE LIFE, LIBERTY AND A JOB.

Perhaps that is the way the distinguished author of the Declaration intended it to read. The phrase "the pursuit of happiness" may have been only his synonym for a job. The human species is of such a complicated structure and the requirements of its existence and development are so multifarious that labor is a necessity. LABOR, THEREFORE, MUST HAVE BEEN NOT ALONE THE NECESSITY OF OUR EXISTENCE, BUT THE INTENTION OF OUR CREATION.

The right to have a chance to labor must be considered one of the primary rights of humanity. Theology and science both agree that a man must earn his daily bread, and if so he certainly has the right to do so.

The legal right to work is only the formulation of the natural right and should be so formulated whenever required.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY VERSUS CABLES

By GUGLIELMO MARCONI, the Wizard of Wireless Telegraphy

THE cables are efficient and good, but the cost prohibits their use to the public at large. I have a contract with the Dominion government to send wireless commercial messages at the rate of 10 cents a word and government business at 5 cents a word.

The cable started by sending messages at the rate of \$5 a word, but has come down to 25 cents. In the case of wireless telegraphy it is promising that when it starts with 10 cents a word it may come down eventually to 1 cent a word.

"THE MASTERFUL GENTLEMAN OF WALL STREET AND BROAD"

By MYRON T. HERRICK of Cleveland, President of the American Bankers' Association



AMERICAN DEMOCRACY IN ITS IMPERIAL PROGRESS HAS FOUND ITS POWER AND SURE SUPPORT IN THE CONFIDENCE AND GOOD WILL OF A MIGHTY NATION, EMPHASIZED IN ITS BANKERS.

ITS TRADE CONQUESTS, ITS FINANCIAL GAINS, INTERNATIONAL PRESTIGE AND ITS WORLD SWEEPING PLANS ARE PERSONIFIED FOR THE AVERAGE OBSERVER HERE AND ABROAD IN THE MASTERFUL GENTLEMAN WHO PRESIDES IN HIS UNPRETENTIOUS BANKING HOUSE AT THE CORNER OF WALL STREET AND BROAD.

The banker, son of a banker, is a prodigy in the eyes of scores of millions in the civilized world. He stands before the world as the embodiment of all that is overwhelming, magical and epoch making in recent American commercial growth and life. He is looked upon as the incarnation of the power of money, the climax of militant wealth and American lust of commercial and industrial domination. Yet Mr. Morgan is not even incorporated. Banking in this most potent and portentous form is not a great stock company, still less anything which can be called a trust. It is merely a man and his partners. It is A CONNECTICUT YANKEE WHO HAS GAINED A WONDERFUL CONTROL OF WALL STREET, NOT, HOWEVER, BY INHERITED RICHES OR LUCKY GAMBLING, BUT BY THE FORCE OF HIS PERSONALITY AND HIS COMMERCIAL GENERALSHIP.



UNCLE SAM'S PUBLIC LAND AND THE HOME BUILDERS

By J. D. WHELPLEY of Washington



THE tremendous increase in wealth resulting from the rapid settlement of the 1,000,000,000 acres of public land has blinded the people of this country to the serious defects which have existed in the laws governing the disposal of the same. NOT 100,000,000 ACRES OF THE 500,000,000 REMAINING ARE SUITABLE TO PROFITABLE AND COMFORTABLE OCCUPATION BY AMERICAN CITIZENS UNDER EXISTING ECONOMIC, PHYSICAL AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS. Every secretary of the interior for twenty-five years past has recommended a curtailment of the land privilege.

A VAST MAJORITY OF THE LAND ACQUIRED UNDER THESE FILINGS IS FOR OTHER THAN THE LEGITIMATE PURPOSES OF SETTLEMENT, OCCUPATION AND GENERAL DEVELOPMENT OF THE COUNTRY.

Those who are building up large land holdings in the west realize that public sentiment is aroused, and they are crowding in every direction to secure title to as much land as possible before congress takes this matter in hand. The cream of the people's land is being skimmed each year, and with less than 100,000,000 acres, which may be considered as reasonably possible of settlement, it can be but a very short time, at the present rate of segregation, before this has disappeared and THE AREA WHICH CONGRESS PROPOSED TO IMPROVE FOR THE HOME BUILDERS WILL HAVE BEEN INCLUDED WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF GREAT PASTURES, PRODUCING NOT A THOUSANDTH PART OF THEIR POSSIBLE ANNUAL CONTRIBUTION TO THE WEALTH AND PROSPERITY OF THE COUNTRY.

Plays Are Written to Pay—Why Not?

By HALL CAINE, Dramatist and Novelist



IT IS COMPLAINED THAT PLAYS ARE WRITTEN TO PAY. WELL, WHY NOT? IS IT CERTAIN THAT EVEN SHAKESPEARE WHEN HE WAS TRYING TO BUILD UP A FORTUNE TO TAKE BACK WITH HIM TO STRATFORD DID NOT CONTEMPLATE AMONG THE RESULTS OF HIS PLAYS THAT OF DRAWING GREAT AUDIENCES TO THE GLOBE THEATRE OR THAT WALTER SCOTT WHEN HE WAS FIGHTING TO PAY OFF A MOUNTAIN OF DEBT DID NOT SOMETIMES CONSIDER THE \$15,000 A YEAR WHICH WAS THE MATERIAL OUTCOME OF HIS NOVELS?

THE WORKINGMAN'S CONDITION HAS BEEN IM- PROVED BY STRIKES

By Bishop HENRY C. POTTER of New York



I BELIEVE IN STRIKES, SHOCKING AS THE STATEMENT MAY SEEM. I BELIEVE IN THE CONSERVATIVE VALUE OF THE ORGANIZATIONS FROM WHICH THE STRIKES COME.

The condition of the workingman was never improved until in reply to the demands of a labor organization itself or by the interposition of persons not interested as capitalists or laborers.

The real value of the labor organization is that IT APPEARS TO BE THE ONLY METHOD BY WHICH THE GREAT INTERESTS WHICH SERVE THEMSELVES BEST BY EXACTING MOST CAN BE OBLIGED TO YIELD SOME CONSIDERATION TO THOSE OVER WHOM THEY HAVE CONTROL.

THE NEW SHIP COMBINE MAY PRESERVE THE WHOLE WORLD'S PEACE

By Vice Admiral Lord CHARLES BERESFORD of the British Navy



Great Britain never should commit ourselves to any act likely to irritate any foreign power, more especially the United States.

IT IS ONLY RIGHT AND NATURAL THAT AMERICANS SHOULD HAVE STRONG SUSCEPTIBILITIES AS REGARDS THE MONROE DOCTRINE. IF I WERE A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES, I WOULD UNQUESTIONABLY FIGHT IN SUPPORT OF IT.

As a British subject I do not want to see an acre more added to the British empire, as our imperial responsibilities are enormously in excess of our organization for defense. There are many reasons why the two great English speaking nations should forget the irritations of the past and come closer together in the future.

THE GREAT ATLANTIC SHIPPING COMBINE MAKES FOR THE INDIVIDUAL BENEFIT OF BOTH GREAT BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES, AND MAY IT NOT HAVE A FARREACHING EFFECT FOR INSURING PEACE FOR THE FUTURE?

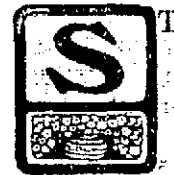
During my visit to America what has impressed me most is:

1. The genuine friendly feeling toward Great Britain.
2. The sentiment often expressed that combinations of trading interests between the two countries would prevent war in the future.

At present in the interests of peace neither Great Britain nor the United States can afford to relax its energies for maintaining its navy in such a sufficient and efficient state that it would be able to carry out the work which would be thrown upon it in time of war, but IF THE UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN FORM THAT NATURAL ALLIANCE WHICH I HAVE INDICATED CAN BE BROUGHT ABOUT BY PART OWNERSHIP AND PROFIT SHARING IN GREAT TRADING COMBINATIONS, IT WILL CERTAINLY PLACE THEM IN SO POWERFUL A POSITION THAT THE WHOLE WORLD WOULD THINK TWICE BEFORE ATTACKING EITHER OF THEM, AND THE ENGLISH SPEAKING PEOPLE MIGHT PERHAPS HAVE A GREAT MORAL EFFECT IN PREVENTING WAR BETWEEN OTHER NATIONS.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOL IS THE MIRROR OF THE REPUBLIC

By JACOB GOULD SCHURMAN, President of Cornell University



STATE schools are, so far as mental training and the acquisition of knowledge go, vastly superior to either church schools or individual schools. PRIVATE AND CHURCH SCHOOLS TEND TO BREED CASTE AND DIVISION AMONG THE CHILDREN OF THE COMMUNITY.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOL, ON THE OTHER HAND, IS THE MIRROR OF THE REPUBLIC. IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF A TOWN YOU HAVE THE PUREST DEMOCRACY IN THE WORLD.

When we look at the hard facts, we see that it is folly to blame the schools for defects of blood, lapses of virtue and blight of character, which neither our laws nor our policy requires the schools to combat. You must blame the church, you must blame the offenders, you must blame yourselves when your children become the victims of intemperance, vice or impiety.

Where Shall We Get Our Timber Thirty Years From Now?

By Professor B. E. FERNOW, Director of Forestry of Cornell University



THE total wood consumption of the United States is placed at 23,000,000,000 cubic feet, of which over 7,000,000,000 is log size material, the important part needed for the industries.

AN ESTIMATE OF THE PRESENT STAND OF VIRGIN TIMBER IN THE UNITED STATES READY TO SUPPLY THE DEMAND FOR LUMBER, ALTHOUGH ADMITTEDLY ON A SLENDER BASIS, BRINGS OUT THE IMPROBABILITY, IF NOT IMPOSSIBILITY, OF MEETING THE INCREASING DEMAND FOR ANOTHER THIRTY YEARS UNDER PRESENT METHODS OF UTILIZATION.

Even if the entire forest area of 500,000,000 acres were supposed still fully stocked with the average stand per acre, as reported by the census in the holdings of lumbermen—an absurd proposition—the stock on hand would be exhausted within that period.

IRRIGATION AS A GREAT HOMEMAKER

By GUY E. MITCHELL, Editor of the Home Maker



THE RECLAMATION OF ARID AMERICA THROUGH GOVERNMENT CONSTRUCTION OF IRRIGATION WORKS WILL FURNISH FOR YEARS TO COME AN EFFECTIVE OUTLET FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS SURPLUS POPULATION OF OUR GREAT CITIES.

The irrigation of the 100,000,000 acres of western plains and valleys, while it will create innumerable small rural homes of five, ten, twenty or thirty acres each, will serve further to encourage subdivision of larger areas in the east and south AND TEND TO MAKE THE SMALL FARM AND HOME A GENERAL RULE THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE COUNTRY.

PORTSMOUTH'S SECRET AND SOCIAL SOCIETIES.

WHEN AND WHERE THEY MEET.

A Guide for Visitors and Members.

OAK CASTLE, NO. 4, E. G. E.

Meets at Hall, Pelce Block, High St. Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month.

Officers—A. L. Phinney, Past Chief; Charles C. Charlessen, Noble Chief; Fred Heiser, Vice Chief; William Hampshire, High Priest; Frank W. Meloon, Venerable Hermit; George P. Knight, St. Herald; Samuel R. Gardner, M. of R.; Fred Gardner, K. of E.; C. W. Hanscom, C. of E.

PORTSMOUTH COUNCIL, NO. 3, O. U. A. M.

Meets at Hall, Franklin Block, First and Third Thursday of each Month.

Officers—C. W. Hanscom, Councilor; John Hooper, Vice Councilor; William P. Gardner, Senior Ex-Councilor; Charles Allen, Junior Ex-Councilor; Frank Pike, Recording Secretary; Frank Langley, Financial Secretary; Joseph W. Marden, Treasurer; Chester E. Odiorne, Inductor; George Kimball, Examiner; Arthur Jenness, Inside Protector; George Kay, Outside Protector; Trustees, Harry Herum, Edward Clapp, W. P. Gardner.

THE REVERE HOUSE



Bowdoin Square, Boston,

HAS FOR YEARS BEEN THE LEADING HOTEL IN BOSTON. IT HAS BEEN THOROUGHLY RENOVATED BY THE NEW MANAGEMENT.

C. L. Yorke & Co.

ALSO PROPRIETORS

BOSTON TAVERN

FIREPROOF.

Rooms from \$1.00 Up

Old India Pale Ale

Homstead Ale

AND

Nourishing Stout

Are specially brewed and bottled by

THE

FRANK JONES
Brewing Co.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Ask your Dealer or them.

BOTTLED IN PINTS AND QUARTS

The Best Spring Tonic on the Market.

THE HERALD.

MINIATURE ALMANAC,
JANUARY 24.

Sun. Rise. 7:05. Moon. Rise. 10:45. A. S. E.
Set. 4:15. Full. 28. 10:00 P. M.
Lunar. 10:41.

New Moon, Jan. 28th, 11h. 30m., morning, E.
First Quarter, Feb. 5th, 5h. 18m., morning, W.
Full Moon, Feb. 11th, 7h. 32m., evening, E.
Last Quarter, Feb. 19th, 11h. 23m., morning, E.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

Washington, Jan. 23.—Forecast for New England: Snow Saturday, except fair in eastern Maine, rising temperature; Sunday snow; fresh north to northeast winds, increasing.

MUSIC HALL BOX OFFICE HOURS.

Open 7:30 to 9:00 a. m., 12:30 to 2, 5 to 6, and 7 to 8 p. m., three days in advance of each attraction. Tickets may be ordered by calling Telephone No. 8008-2.

SATURDAY, JAN. 24, 1903.

CITY BRIEFS.

Watch for the eclipse.
The big fair begins Feb. 16.
Twenty-three days to the P. A. C. fair.
Up goes the price of apples once more.
Interest in bowling appears to be spasmodic this winter.
Have your shoes repaired by John Mutt, 34 Congress street.
Pool continues to be the leading winter sport in Portsmouth.
The tailors are beginning to receive their spring samples.
The boy with the double runner still holds the centre of the stage.
Two bands will give concerts each evening at the big P. A. C. fair, Feb. 16-20.
Very few commercial travelers are passing through Portsmouth this month.
The price of fish is most uncertain and varies almost from one hour to the next.
The P. A. C. fair will be the biggest event of the kind ever attempted in the state.
So far as reported, there have been no skating parties in this vicinity this season.
The raw wind yesterday developed into an extremely cold blast as evening drew on.
Rice's Show Girl played Hartford, North Adams, Holyoke and Springfield this week.
The use of soft coal has resulted in the unfamiliar sight of chimney sweeps in some of our cities.
Has the winter thus far been conducted strictly according to the rules and signs of the "goose bone"?
Special cars will run to Exeter and York after the performance of The Show Girl on Monday evening.
The work of cutting ice was resumed yesterday. The recent rain and thaw gave a fine surface.
Strong attractions have been engaged for the vaudeville performance in the Midway annex of the P. A. C. fair building.
Congressman Sulloway is busy now-a-days from morning to night mauling garden and flower seeds to his constituents.
A pretty spectacle on the river was witnessed yesterday morning when five fishing boats were seen rounding the Narrows at one time.
No Reasonable Man expects to cure a neglected cold in one day. But time and Allen's Lung Balm will overcome the cold and stave off consumption. Cough will cease and lungs be as sound as a new dollar.
Saturday we will sell two thousand lbs. Spring Lamb at 7c lb., Sirloin Beef Roast from Western States 15c lb., all other meats at lowest prices, at Chicago Meat Co., 24 1/2 Pleasant street. Just below postoffice.

A CHEERY SIGHT.

The heating apparatus installed in the machine shop for the P. A. C. fair was started up on Friday and black smoke came pouring out of the tall stack, something not seen there before for years. It is coming out today, also.

SONG SERVICES.

This is to be a song service at the Middle street Baptist church on Sunday evening. The orchestra of the Naval band will assist.

HOUSE SOLD.

Tobey's real estate agency reports the sale of the dwelling, No. 13 New-castle avenue, belonging to Nathaniel Jenkins, to Gilman B. Randall.

THRONG OF MERRYMAKERS.

Freeman's Hall Presents A Unique And Amusing Spectacle.

Representatives Of Every Race And Nation On The Floor.

Red Men's Masquerade Goes On Record As A Great Event

There was a merry scene in Freeman's hall, Friday evening and a still merrier crowd of pleasure seekers. The occasion was the annual masquerade ball of Massachusetts tribe of Red Men and the popularity of these hospitable representatives of the aboriginal inhabitants of America was never more fully demonstrated.

The crowd was an enormous one and spacious as is the floor of Freeman's hall it was none too large to accommodate the throng. Over one hundred couples participated in the grand march and there were many who were content to watch this spectacle, waiting for the opening waltz before taking an active part in the festivities of the evening.

Nearly everyone was masked and the costumes were of a varied character. The Indian chief, with his feathered head dress, the American soldier and sailor, the rough rider and the Mexican vaquero touched elbows with the Colonial cavalier, the Spanish grandee and the Asiatic mogul.

The Red Cross nurse was there and so was the demure Puritan maiden of olden time and the dainty, black-gowned domino. Uncle Sam, conspicuous in his suit of red, white and blue, with the big white hat, danced with a diminutive Miss Columbia.

Viewed from the galleries the spectacle was an entrancing one and was viewed with absorbed interest by upwards of 200 people. It was a trifle startling to see a Mephistopheles dancing with a lady in the sombre garb of a nun and scarcely less so to have one's attention called to a "dead swell coon" waltzing by with a partner dressed as a court lady of 200 years ago.

Many of the spectators lingered until the unmasking in order that guesses as to the identity of the dancers might be verified. It was found in the majority of cases however, that these guesses were wide of the mark, the instances being few indeed in which the secrets of the masks were revealed until the masks themselves were removed.

Joy and Philbrick's orchestra furnished the best of music and was obliged to repeat nearly every dance.

Previous to the opening of the ball a choice entertainment was given. Selections were played by the orchestra, there were readings by Miss Norma Curry and solos by F. A. Varney, Newburyport's well known baritone singer, and "Jack" Adams, also of Newburyport, gave his amusing comedy sketch "A Country Kid."

Miss Curry came to Portsmouth well recommended and to say that she sustained her reputation hardly gives her sufficient credit. It was a generally expressed opinion that she is one of the best elocutionists ever heard here and her reception was a flattering one.

Mr. Varney has sung in Portsmouth many times before and is always sure of a cordial welcome from a local audience. He was in excellent voice Friday night and he was several times recalled by his delighted hearers.

Mr. Adams' sketch is a distinctly funny one and he presents it in a distinctly funny manner. He takes his part so naturally that he really appears to be a "country kid" and his monologue is decidedly mirth provoking.

The Red Men provided by far the handsomest dance order, so far as the design on the front cover of the booklet is concerned, that has been seen at any dance this season and they scored, also, one of the greatest successes of the winter.

The Order Of Dances.

1. Waltz.
2. Quadrille.
3. Two Step.
4. Portland Fancy.
5. Waltz.
6. Two Step.
7. Intermission 30 minutes.
8. Waltz. Schottische, Caprice.
9. Quadrille.
10. Two Step.
11. Waltz.
12. Schottische.
13. Portland Fancy.
14. Waltz.
15. Newport.
16. Two Step.
17. Waltz.

Extras.

The names of those who had the affair in charge, follow:
Floor Marshal—Charles E. Lewis;
Assistant Floor Marshal—Jesse H. Wilson;
Floor Director—Percy B. Frye;
Assistant Floor Director—J. Wallace Lear;

Aids—J. Will Rogers, John S. Parker, Earl Knight, J. E. Harrold, H. E. Lovell, Willis Brooks, Charles W. Hanson, Seth H. Hanson;

Reception Committee—William E. Storer, Ceylon Spinney, Charles E. Bailey, True W. Priest, George Knight, F. W. Wentworth, Samuel R. Gardner, J. Y. Forsythe, Chauncey B. Hoyt, Freeman H. Peverly.

Some of the disguises were: Miss Adeline Hughes, Florodora; George Russell, cakewalker; Frank Cornish, Uncle Sam; A. L. Hilton, Indian girl; Mrs. Jesse H. Wilson, evening dress; William Hart, negro; William Page, gent of the period; J. Will Rogers, East Indian; Jesse H. Wilson, Mexican; Mrs. Mamie Meredith, sailor; B. Hanson, sailor; H. Hanson, veteran fireman; Miss Marion Brown, St. Valentine; Mrs. D. J. Dowd, night; Miss Nettie Colley, nurse; Miss Alice Merry, Red Riding Hood; Miss Sadie O'Brien, flower girl; Mrs. Clara Hogue, fairy queen; Ralph Hill, sailor; Calvin Lear, Lord Fauntleroy; Mrs. J. Wallace Lear, court dress; Mrs. Putney, soldier; Mrs. L. W. Thompson, school girl; Miss Bertha Cain, sailor girl; Miss Eva Hawes, rose queen; Miss Helen Moore, flower girl; Miss Grace Jones, Spanish girl; F. O. Holmes, Indian; Kenneth Stuart, wise man; J. E. Harrold, Mexican; Miss Anna Fall, night; Frank Somers, harlequin; Mrs. F. Hall, poppy; Harry Wood, farmer; Oscar Randall, old woman, Brainard Hersey, hobo; Mrs. W. S. Fernald, old-fashioned girl.

POLISH PEDLAR PINCHED.

A traveling pedlar, with a silver polish that would actually shine silver, struck town on Friday and was so eager to do business that he would exchange goods for goods. Bar tenders were about his only customers and there is a limit to the capacity of even a human tank. Result, our pedlar overflowed, is rounded up by the police, minus stock in trade, but as happy as a coal baron.

NEW NIGHT WATCHMAN.

Frank Brown of New Castle has been appointed night watchman at the custom house building in place of Clarence White, resigned.

Her gray hair makes her look 20 years older. And it's so thin, too. Tell her all about Ayer's Hair Vigor.

J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

A COUPLE OF SWINDLERS.

They Separate Newington Farmers From Their Hard Earned Dollars.

A couple of slick strangers have been working the good people of Newington out of a few hard earned dollars. Their scheme was to fit a piece of tin over a lantern wick and tell the farmer that it was impossible for the lantern to explode or even smoke their chimney. When they first started in to talk the price was twenty-five cents per lantern, but when they got through the victim was called upon to pay one dollar per light. Quite a lot of dollars were obtained before the people got onto the fact that they were being swindled. Marshal Entwistle was notified and last evening one of the men was picked up intoxicated on the street and locked up. He is being held in hopes that his partner, who is really the guilty party, will fall upon him.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Clerk Charles H. Knight on Friday mailed to members of the bar a notice regarding the session of the superior court to open at the probate court room in Exeter next Monday at eleven o'clock in the morning for the trial of court cases. The new docket will be called at two o'clock in the afternoon. It will be convenient to hear motions and uncontested libels on Monday. The case assigned for trial Tuesday is Gen. William P. Chadwick of Exeter vs. John T. Fluke of Concord, an action on a \$3000 note. Lillian M. Hall vs. Porter A. Hall, a petition for separate maintenance, is assigned for Wednesday morning. No other cases are yet specially assigned.

LOST HIS HORSE.

Clarence Tilley, who runs the parcel delivery, lost a valuable horse on Friday afternoon through an accident. The animal got the shoe of a hind leg caught in a culvert on Albany street in such a manner as to break the bones of the leg.
Agent Weston of the S. P. C. A. was called upon and put the animal out of misery with a revolver shot. The carcass was then hauled away on a dray by Woods Bros.

METHODIST CHURCH.

At the morning service tomorrow the annual collection for the Children's Home will be taken.

At the union service of the church and Epworth league in the evening at seven o'clock, the topic will be, "Christian Stewardship."

BOARD OF REGISTRARS.

The board of registrars met at the city building on Friday evening and arranged meetings for the coming municipal campaign. The dates in which one may make inquiries about registration may be found in another column.

SCATI.

With the thermometer flitting around the zero mark, the representative of a New York wire concern, attired in buffalo coat and fur gloves, blew into town this morning and tried to take orders for screens and fly traps.

COUNTRY CLUB ANNUAL BALL.

The annual ball of the Portsmouth Country club will be held in Freeman's hall on Easter Monday night. A meeting of the club will soon be held and committees appointed to arrange for the same.

GAME AND DANCE.

There will be a basketball game between Company B and the Orbits of Newburyport at Peirce hall this (Saturday) evening. Dancing is to follow.

ORDERED TO HOSPITAL.

Chief Gunner Patrick Lynch has been detached from the U. S. S. Raleigh and ordered to the Naval hospital at New York for treatment.

EDWIN FORREST CLUB.

The eleventh annual banquet of the Edwin Forrest club will be held at the Revere house, Boston, Thursday, Jan. 29th, at six p. m. About a dozen members from this city will attend.

Frank Lalor, Robert Dalley, David Abrahams, three of the greatest comedians in the business, are all with The Show Girl.

PERSONALS.

Hon. John W. Emery is in Lawrence, Mass., today.

Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Hanscom passed Thursday in Boston.

Alderman Frank W. Knight was a Boston visitor on Thursday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Amazeen on Thursday.

Walter Nichols of Boston is passing the day with friends in this city.

Representative Howard Nelson is in Somersworth today on state business.

Miss Georgia Reed has returned to her former position at the railroad station cafe.

Fred B. Higgins of Portsmouth is visiting relatives in town.—Newmarket Advertiser.

Rev. George E. Leighton, pastor of the Universalist church passed Friday in Boston.

Mrs. Samuel W. Rowe, widow of ex-Sheriff Rowe is quite ill at her home in Greenland.

Col. A. F. Howard is in Concord today attending a meeting of the state board of underwriters.

Mrs. Nellie M. Sawyer of Raymond has been visiting her cousin, Mrs. Edwin F. Rowe, of this city.

C. E. Almy, of the office of the estate of Frank Jones, has been slightly indisposed the past few days.

Charles E. Dennett, a son of Portsmouth, has been re-elected president of the Republican club of Malden, Mass.

Miss Grace Delaney of Lowell, Mass., is the guest of Miss Nellie Morrissey. Miss Delaney was called here by the death of Miss Morrissey's mother.

Miss Vena Rothwell has returned from Boston, and will pass several months with her sisters, Mrs. George Perkins and Miss Matilda F. Rothwell of South street.

Edwin W. Emery of New York has returned here from Effingham, where he went to visit a sick friend and has joined his wife at the home of her father, Thomas H. Rider.

Bishop Niles slipped on the ice while crossing the street in front of the Phoenix hotel, Concord, on Thursday morning, striking on the back of his head. The reverend gentleman was assisted to his feet by passersby and after arriving home a physician was called.

AT THE NAVY YARD.

Among the crew of the U. S. S. Raleigh is a seaman, Frank Collier, who left Portsmouth twenty-two years ago, when a baby, and his first visit since that time was when he marched through the city with the ship's crew. Mr. Collier was born in the house at No. 9 Vaughan street. He was a son of the late William Collier, a Mexican and at one time a well known Mason of Portsmouth. He was also an instructor of boxing and had many pupils in Portsmouth and Dover. He at one time resided in the Christian Shore district.

The large timbers were placed on the stern of the Spanish ship Rena Mercedes Friday afternoon which are to be used in the new method to be employed in raising the tug Sioux.

The sailor crew of the tug Sioux is now quartered in the rooms in the telephone office building formerly occupied by the yard watchman.

A party of lady visitors was shown over the U. S. S. Raleigh Friday by Col. Spicer.

Another sick sailor was taken from the U. S. S. Raleigh to the hospital Friday by the ambulance.

Three laborers were discharged from the steam engineering department on Thursday and six more on Friday.

LAMP WAS NOT DAMAGED.

Another needless alarm of fire was rung in from Box 37 early Friday evening. The overturning of a lamp in an establishment at the corner of Leighton and Cass streets was the cause of the trouble. There was no damage, even to the lamp.

VISITED NEW CASTLE LODGE.

Grand Chancellor Samuel B. Page of Woodville visited Wentworth lodge, K. P. of New Castle on Friday evening. He was accompanied by a large delegation from Damon lodge of this city.

WENTWORTH TO BE ENLARGED.

Twenty Thousand Dollars to Be Expended Before the Season Opens.

The Hotel Wentworth, one of the largest and finest hotels on the Atlantic coast, is to be still further enlarged and beautified before the opening of the coming season. Plans are already perfected for the remodeling and enlargement of what is known as the old part of the hotel, or that part of the structure reached first upon climbing the hill from the bridge. Work will be started next month and when completed the Wentworth will have one of the finest music rooms and set of reception rooms ever attempted in a summer hotel. The improvements will cost in the neighborhood of \$20,000.

OWNER OUGHT TO BE PROSECUTED.

One of a pair of horses that drew a heavy sled loaded with cordwood into town from the country this morning was so lame in one of its forelegs that every step apparently gave it agony. People on the streets commented upon the cruelty of sending a horse out under such circumstances. The other horse nobly tried to relieve his mate of as much of the labor as possible by pulling more than his share of the load.

ONLY TWO BIDS RECEIVED.

Bids for the painting and wall papering business conducted on Daniel street for so many years by the late Joseph H. Gardiner were opened today but proved a disappointment to executors of the estate. But two bids were received, one of these being from a Kennebunk party who offered them thirty per cent on the cost appraised. This offer will undoubtedly be refused and the stock disposed of in small lots to local dealers.

ATTENDED THE BANQUET.

George A. Wood of this city, secretary of the National Association of Postal Clerks, was at Atlanta, Ga., on Friday, and last evening a banquet in his honor was given by the postal clerks of that city at the Piedmont hotel. Mr. Wood left Atlanta this morning for New Orleans.

The Show Girl has a trio of comedians (Lalor, Dalley and Abrahams) who can't be excelled.

NOT DUE TO CLIMATE.

Catarrh is Found Everywhere.

Catarrh is at home anywhere and everywhere. While more common in cold, changeable climates, it is by no means confined to them, but is prevalent in every state and territory in the union.

is a chronic cold in the head, which if long neglected often destroys the sense of smell and hearing; but there are many other forms of the disease, even more obstinate and dangerous.

Catarrh of the throat and bronchial tubes as well as catarrh of the stomach and liver are almost as common as nasal catarrh and generally more difficult to cure.

Catarrh is undoubtedly a blood disease and can only be successfully eradicated by an internal treatment. Sprays, washes and powders are useless as far as reaching the real seat of the disease is concerned.

Dr. Mciverney advises catarrh sufferers to use a new preparation, sold by druggists, called Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, because actual analysis has shown these tablets to contain certain anti-septic qualities of the highest value and being an internal remedy, pleasant to the taste, convenient and harmless, can be used as freely as required, as well for children as for adults.

An attorney and a public speaker, who had been a catarrh sufferer for years, says:

"Every fall I would catch a cold which would settle in my head and throat and hang on all winter long and every winter it seemed to get a little worse. I was continually clearing my throat and my voice became affected to such an extent as to interfere with my public speaking.

"I tried troches and cheap cough cures and sometimes got relief, but only for a short time, until this winter, when I learned of the new catarrh cure, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, through a newspaper advertisement. Two fifty cent boxes, which I bought at my druggist's, cleared my head and throat in fine shape and to guard against a return of my old trouble I keep a box of the tablets on hand and whenever I catch a little cold I take a tablet or two and ward off any serious developments."

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets deserves to head the list as a household remedy, to check and break up coughs and colds, because unlike many other catarrh and cough cures these tablets contain no opiate, cocaine or any injurious drug.

Chrysanthemums

Cut Flowers

R. E. Hannaford's.

FLORIST,

Newcastle Avenue,

TELEPHONE CON.

FIRES

Are Sure To Happen.

Look out for them this winter, when so many wood fires are going. Are you insured? If not you had better let us write you an insurance policy on your house or furniture. Drop a postal and we will call.

FRANK D. BUTLER,

Real Estate and Insurance

3 Market Street.

Your Winter Suit

Should be WELL MADE. It should be STYLISH.

And PERFECT FIT. The largest assortment of UP-TO-DATE SAMPLES to be shown in the city.

Cleansing, Turning And Pressing a Specialty.

D. O'LEARY,

Bridge Street.

Old Furniture Made New.

Why don't you send some of your badly worn upholstered furniture to Robert H. Hall and have it re-upholstered? It will cost but little.

Manufacturer of All Kinds of Cushions And Coverings.

R. H. HALL

Hanover Street, Near Market.

The Evening Herald

A live local paper. Enterprising, but not sensational. HOME, not street circulation. Only one edition daily hence:— Every copy a family reader.

F. A. ROBBINS,

UPHOLSTERER

38 MARKET ST.